



ecology and environment, inc.

International Specialists in the Environment

BUFFALO CORPORATE CENTER

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September 29, 1995

Ms. Sonia Vega U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Re:

Van Tran Electric Corporation (Van Tran)

Vandalia, Illinois

CERCLIS ID No.: ILD981093628 Focused Site Inspection Prioritization

Contract No.: 68-W0-0037 TDD No.: T05-9503-244

Dear Ms. Vega:

Enclosed are the final Focused Site Inspection Prioritization (FSIP) report and enclosures for the Van Tran Electric Corporation (Van Tran) site, in Vandalia, Illinois. Draft copies of this report were submitted previously to you and to Mr. Tom Crause of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA).

The final FSIP is presented in two volumes. Volume 1 contains the Site Evaluation Report (SER). Volume 2 contains the United States Environmental Protection Agency Recommendation Form for the site as Enclosure 1, and a transmittal memorandum and Hazard Ranking System (HRS) scoresheets as Enclosure 2.

Should you have any questions, please call me at 716/684-8060.

Sincerely,

Chad Eich

Ecology and Environment, Inc.

xc:

Steve Skare, Ecology and Environment, Inc.

Tom Crause, IEPA



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Dear Ms. Vega:

Ecology and Environment, Inc., (E & E) has prepared the enclosed Site Evaluation Report (SER) for the above-referenced site. Preliminary contaminant assessment analytical data are included in Appendix A of the SER. Appendix B contains Envirodyne Engineers, Inc., (EEI) 1987 sediment sample analytical data. Appendix C contains 1995 soil sampling analytical data. Appendix D contains pertinent references used in the preparation of this SER. Per your request, references not provided include: documents that are currently available within U.S. EPA files; copyrighted documents that are currently available in E & E's library; maps produced by either the United States Geologic Survey or the Illinois State Geologic Survey; and documents that are created by various state agencies for public use.

E & E reviewed available information and prepared a preliminary Hazard Ranking System (HRS) score for the Van Tran site using PREscore Software (Version 3.0), Publication No. 9450.2200, dated August 1994. Based on E & E's findings, the preliminary HRS score for the Van Tran site is less than 28.50. In addition, the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) is currently conducting a removal action at the site. Therefore, E & E recommends that the site receive a low priority designation, until satisfactory remediation is achieved by the parties involved.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Recommendation Form is included in Enclosure 1. The Van Tran site's preliminary HRS score is documented in a transmittal memorandum and the HRS scoresheets presented in Enclosure 2.

Ms. Sonia Vega September 15, 1995 Page 2

If you have any questions, please call me at 716/684-8060.

Sincerely,

Chad Eich

Enclosures (2)

xc: Tom Crause, IEPA

Steven Skare, E & E Program Leader

FOCUSED SITE INSPECTION PRIORITIZATION SITE EVALUATION REPORT

VAN TRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION 1505 VAN TRAN AVENUE VANDALIA, ILLINOIS

CERCLIS ID NO.: ILD981093628

Prepared for:

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SITE ASSESSMENT SECTION

77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Date Prepared: September 29, 1995

U.S. EPA Region: 5

Contract No.: 68-W0-0037

Technical Direction Document No.: T05-9503-244

Prepared by: Ecology and Environment, Inc.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The Ecology and Environment, Inc., (E & E) Technical Assistance Team (TAT) was assigned by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA), under Contract No. 68-W0-0037, Technical Direction Document (TDD) No. T05-9503-244, to evaluate the Van Tran Electric Corporation (Van Tran) site in Vandalia, Fayette County, Illinois. E & E performed Focused Site Inspection Prioritization (FSIP) activities to determine whether, or to what extent, the site poses a threat to human health and the environment. This FSIP report presents the results of E & E's evaluation and summarizes the site conditions and targets pertinent to the migration and exposure pathways associated with the site. Background information was obtained from a Preliminary Assessment (PA) conducted by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) in 1985, a General Assessment of the Site Investigation Report prepared by Envirodyne Engineers (Envirodyne) in 1987, a Preliminary Contaminant Assessment Report prepared by Baker/TSA in 1988, U.S. EPA files, and IEPA files.

This report is organized into six sections, including this introduction. Section 2 describes the site and provides a brief site history. Section 3 provides information about previous investigations conducted at the site. Section 4 provides information about the four migration and exposure pathways (groundwater migration, surface water migration, soil exposure, and air migration). Section 5 summarizes site conditions. References used in the preparation of this report are listed in Section 6.

2. SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

The Van Tran site is located at 1505 Van Tran Avenue (U.S. Route 40), approximately 1 mile east of U.S. Route 51, in Vandalia, Fayette County, Illinois (Section 8, T. 6 N., R. 1 E.). The coordinates for the site are latitude 38°58'36" north and longitude 89°06'43" west (IEPA 1985). The site location is shown on Figure 2-1.

The approximately 3-acre site is located in an industrial area within the corporate boundaries of Vandalia, Illinois. It is bordered by commercial businesses to the east and west, an Illinois Central Gulf (ICG) Railroad right-of-way to the north, and U.S. Route 40 to the south (Baker/TSA 1988).

Van Tran Electric Corporation formerly manufactured electrical transformers at the site. The parent company is the Van Tran Electric Corporation in Waco, Texas (IEPA 1985). When the facility was operational, it consisted of one main on-site building, a second side building, two sheds, and four outdoor tanks used for storage of transformer oil. Empty drums of transformer oil were stored in a drum storage area north of the northwest storage shed. An on-site evaporation pit was used for the disposal of spent solvents and paint waste (Moss 1988). Four monitoring wells and four piezometers are located on the site. The monitoring wells were installed in 1987 by Baker/TSA, Inc., (Baker/TSA) of Merrillville, Indiana, a technical contractor/consultant to Van Tran Electric Corporation. It is not known when the piezometers were installed, or by whom. Site features and monitoring well and piezometer locations are shown on Figure 2-2.

The Van Tran site is not fenced and access is not restricted (Gross 1995a). The site is well vegetated. The site topography has a gradual slope to the east and south. The northern portion of the site is higher in elevation than the rest of the site due to a bermed area located south of the railroad right-of-way (Moss 1988). Surface runoff drains to a series of drainage ditches on the eastern and western boundaries of the site. The drainage ditches flow under U.S. Route 40 via culverts on the eastern and western sides of the site and converge at a point east of the site, along U.S. Route 40 (Baker/TSA 1988). The ditch then flows south

along the ICG Railroad tracks to an intermittent tributary of Town Branch Creek, the nearest surface water body. Town Branch Creek is located approximately 0.5 mile south of the Van Tran site (USGS 1974).

The Van Tran Electric Corporation owned and operated the site from 1962 to September 1987, and manufactured 5- to 5,000-kilovolt electrical transformers. Van Tran also operated a warranty repair operation for its products at the site. Prior to 1976, the electrical transformers manufactured at the site contained Askeral, a transformer oil that contained polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). In 1976 Van Tran informed the U.S. EPA that the use of Askeral at the site was being discontinued (IEPA 1985b). Uses and ownership of the site prior to 1962 are not known. Van Tran remains the current site owner (Baker/TSA 1988).

PCBs were never generated on site as waste products. The release of PCBs to the site was the result of improper handling of drums of Askeral (Moss 1988). Empty drums of Askeral were stored in a drum storage area north of the northwest storage shed. Reportedly, the drums were not completely empty and the remaining Askeral was accidentally released to the surrounding soils (Moss 1988).

Waste liquids, sludges, and spent solvents generated during painting, stripping, and cleaning operations conducted as part of the transformer manufacturing processes at the site were disposed of on site in an unlined surface impoundment being used as an evaporation pit. This practice continued for approximately 13 years, prior to 1985. The circular evaporation pit was approximately 8 feet in diameter and 3 inches deep. Hazardous wastes that were disposed of in the evaporation pit were spent ignitable nonhalogenated solvents, including methyl ethyl ketone (MEK), xylene, and toluene (Moss 1987). Disposal of materials into the evaporation pit began before the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations were promulgated; therefore, the Van Tran Electric Corporation never submitted a Part A RCRA Permit Application or a Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity.

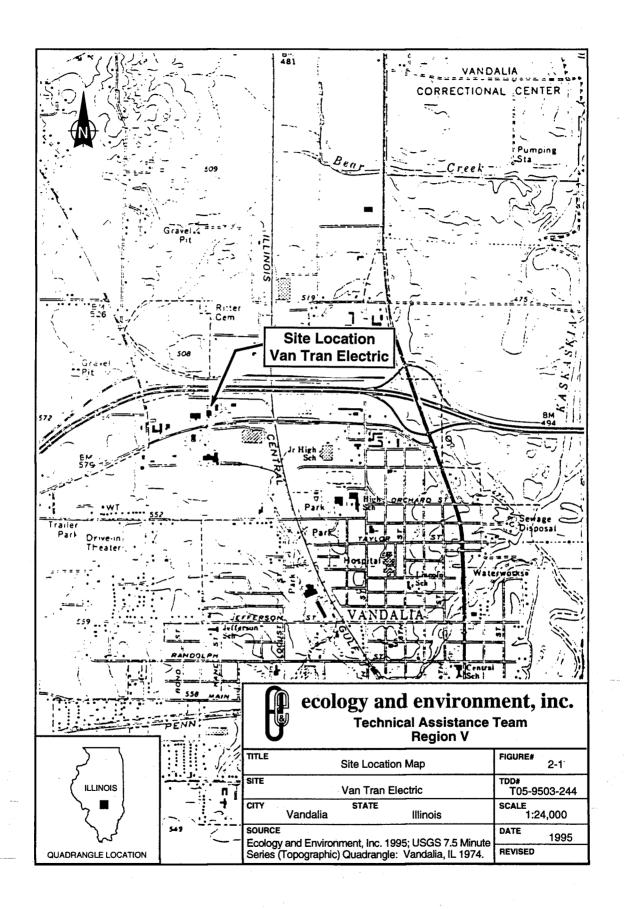
Reportedly, PCBs were not disposed of in the evaporation pit (Baker/TSA 1988). However, it is possible that the drums used to collect the spent solvents prior to their disposal in the evaporation pit were the same drums that had previously contained the PCB-contaminated transformer oil. Any remaining PCB residue would have entered the evaporation pit with the solvents. In addition, when Van Tran discontinued using the evaporation pit in 1984, the soil used to backfill it was taken from the drum storage area, which was contaminated with PCBs (Moss 1988). A spill of approximately 14,000 gallons of mineral oil, possibly containing PCBs, occurred in the central portion of the site in the summer of 1975. (Apparently, employees at the Van Tran facility were on strike at that time

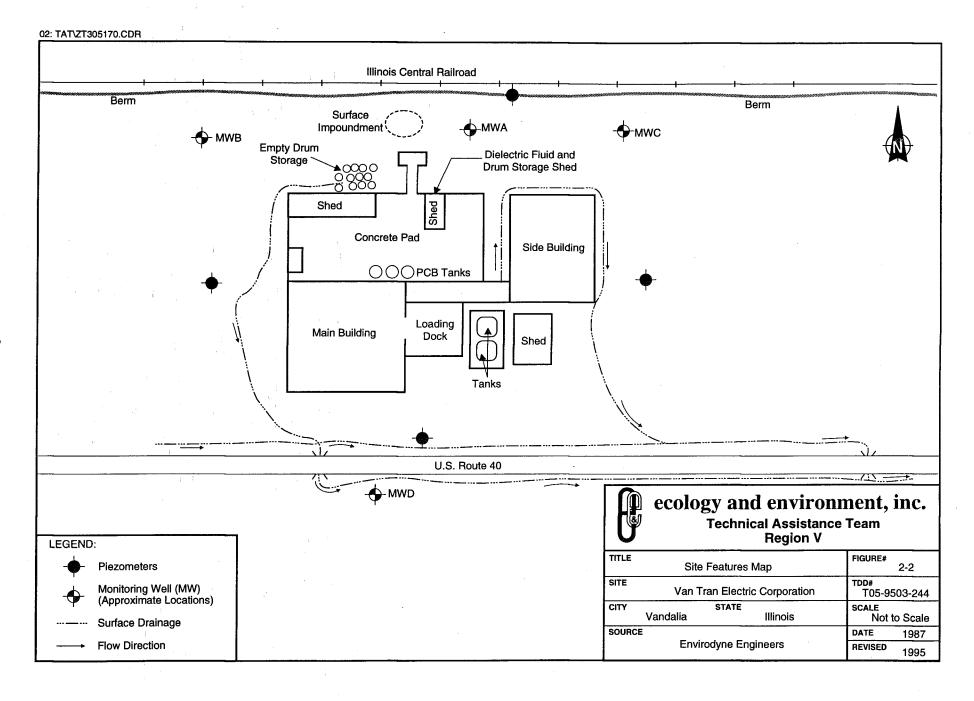
and deliberately opened the two storage tanks containing the mineral oil, which subsequently spilled onto the ground near the tanks [IEPA 1985b]). No other waste disposal areas are known to exist on the Van Tran site (Baker/TSA 1988).

In June 1985 soil was excavated from the former evaporation pit area by Van Tran personnel without authorization or notification of IEPA. The soil was excavated to a depth of approximately 1 foot and stored on site in 55-gallon drums. The quantity of soil excavated, or number of drums generated, is not known (Baker/TSA 1988).

The Van Tran site is currently undergoing a state-funded cleanup action. It is the intention of IEPA to implement closure activities for the evaporation pit area and for the hazardous waste drum storage area (Gross 1993).

As previously stated, the Van Tran facility does not have RCRA permits, nor does it possess National Pollutant Discharge Elimination (NPDES) permits.





3. PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

The Van Tran site was initially discovered when the IEPA conducted a site inspection in 1975 to observe Van Tran's methods of handling transformer oils containing PCBs. The site was evaluated in the form of a Preliminary Assessment (PA) prepared by Kenneth Page of the IEPA (dated April 1, 1985), which was submitted to the U.S. EPA (IEPA 1985b). The PA report recommended a medium-priority inspection for the site due to inadequate handling of materials containing PCBs.

In June 1985 IEPA conducted a site reconnaissance inspection of the Van Tran site. A surface impoundment/evaporation pit was discovered in the northern portion of the site that was being used to dispose of paint and solvent wastes (IEPA 1985). Van Tran personnel stated that the evaporation pit was approximately 8 feet in diameter and 3 inches deep. The evaporation pit had been used for approximately 13 years without any records being kept of the amount of wastes being disposed of (Moss 1988; Baker/TSA 1988). Xylene, toluene, MEK, and PCBs were suspected to have been disposed of in the evaporation pit (Baker/TSA 1988; Moss 1988). As part of the site reconnaissance, IEPA collected four samples of soil, waste product, and storm water from the area of the evaporation pit. The samples were analyzed for Target Compound List (TCL) compounds and Extraction Procedure (EP) Toxicity metals. Chemical analysis of the waste product sample indicated the presence of PCB Aroclor 1248 (26 milligrams per kilogram [mg/kg]), PCB Aroclor 1260 (18 mg/kg), MEK (21,000 mg/kg), xylenes (25,000 mg/kg), and toluene (37,000 mg/kg). Chemical analysis of one of the soil samples indicated the presence of PCB Aroclor 1260 (204 mg/kg), PCB Aroclor 1248 (17 mg/kg) xylenes (35,000 mg/kg), and MEK (4,000 mg/kg) (IEPA 1985a). None of the metals concentrations exceeded EP Toxicity regulatory levels in any of the samples. Disposal of materials into the evaporation pit began before the RCRA regulations were promulgated; therefore, the Van Tran Electric Corporation never submitted a Part A RCRA Permit Application or a Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity. Nevertheless, a notice of alleged violations of various provisions of Title 35 of the Illinois

Administrative code and the Illinois Environmental Protection Act was issued to Van Tran by IEPA on June 24, 1985 (Baker/TSA 1988).

In September 1985 Baker/TSA, Inc., performed a reconnaissance of the site to determine the current site conditions and to obtain background information. No other information regarding this investigation was provided (Baker/TSA 1988).

Between October 15 and 17, 1985, Baker/TSA conducted a preliminary site screening assessment of the Van Tran site to determine the nature and relative magnitude of soil contamination at the site. Two soil borings were advanced in the evaporation pit to a maximum depth of 8 feet below ground surface (BGS). Soil samples were collected at 1-foot intervals to the completion depth of the boring and analyzed for PCBs, benzene, toluene, xylene, MEK, lead, zinc, and cadmium. The following are the maximum concentrations of each analyte detected: PCB Aroclor 1254, 2,300 mg/kg; PCB Aroclor 1260, 440 mg/kg; PCB Aroclor 1248, 1,100 mg/kg; PCB Aroclor 1242, 72 mg/kg; PCB Aroclor 1232, 16 mg/kg; PCB Aroclor 1016, 46 mg/kg; xylene, 1,600 mg/kg; toluene, 340 mg/kg; benzene, 5 mg/kg; and MEK, 1,500 mg/kg (Baker/TSA 1988). PCBs were detected at every depth interval.

IEPA, and their contracted consultant, Envirodyne Engineers, Inc., (EEI) of St. Louis, Missouri, conducted a site reconnaissance at the Van Tran site on May 15, 1986. Following the reconnaissance, EEI submitted a work plan to the IEPA proposing additional site assessment activities at the site. Baker/TSA reviewed the work plan for Van Tran, and Baker/TSA's comments, in conjunction with the work plan, became the basis of a Consent Plan entered into by Van Tran and the IEPA on March 1, 1987 (Baker/TSA 1988). Site work began in April 1987. EEI performed the site investigation work for the IEPA, and Baker/TSA coordinated site activities for the Van Tran Electric Corp. On-site activities included: installation of four monitoring wells, surface and subsurface soil sampling, and collection of PCB wipe samples (see Appendix A for sample analytical results from the 1987 Preliminary Containment Assessment). Off-site groundwater sampling was not conducted at that time.

Groundwater, surface soil, and subsurface soil samples were collected and analyzed for TCL and Target Analyte List (TAL) chemicals. The samples were collected by Baker/TSA personnel, and the sampling events were overseen by EEI personnel. The wipe samples, collected from the concrete pad on which the transformer oil storage tanks were located, were analyzed for PCBs. PCBs were not detected in the groundwater samples. Lead and cadmium were detected in the groundwater sample at maximum concentrations of 0.07 milligrams per liter (mg/L) and 0.041 mg/L, respectively. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane was

detected in a groundwater sample collected from monitoring well MW-B at a concentration of $10 \ (\mu g/L)$ (Baker/TSA 1988). Analysis of the surface and subsurface soil samples indicated the presence of TCL/TAL chemicals, including volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), heavy metals, and PCBs. Analysis of the wipe samples indicated concentrations of PCBs up to $5,280 \ \mu g/100$ square centimeters. PCBs and VOCs were also detected in soil/sediment samples collected from the two drainage ditches located on the east and west sides of the site (Baker/TSA 1988). Total PCBs were detected at a concentration of 320 mg/kg in the western drainage ditch at a depth of 1 foot and at a concentration of 410 mg/kg in the eastern drainage ditch, also at a depth of 1 foot, near the point where the ditch flows off site (Baker/TSA 1988).

IEPA and EEI also collected 12 sets of sediment samples from the on-site drainage ditches and Town Branch Creek. Each sediment sample was a composite of three to five discrete samples collected within a 10-foot reach of the ditch or stream at each sample location. The sediment samples were analyzed for PCBs (Environdyne 1987a). Sediment sample locations are indicated in Appendix B. PCBs were not detected in the on-site sediment sample collected from a drainage ditch along the railroad tracks north of the site. PCBs were detected at a total concentration of 3.6 mg/kg in a sample collected from the same ditch at an off-site location northeast of the site. PCBs were detected at a maximum total concentration of 680 mg/kg in a sample collected from the drainage ditch on the southeast side of the site. The concentration of PCBs decreased to 5.4 mg/kg in samples collected at an unknown distance downstream. A sediment sample collected from the western drainage ditch, at the point where it flows off site under U.S. Route 40, was found to contain PCBs at a concentration of 4.2 mg/kg. The point where the eastern and western drainage ditches converge south of U.S. Route 40 and southeast of the site, was also sampled, and PCBs were detected at a total concentration of less than 1 mg/kg (EEI 1987). From that location, the drainage ditch flows south to an intermittent tributary of Town Branch Creek. The next two downstream sediment sample locations, in Town Branch Creek, showed no detectable PCB concentrations. The sample collected from the next downstream location had a total PCB concentration of less than 1 mg/kg, and the sample from the next downstream location had a total PCB concentration of 11 mg/kg. No PCBs were detected in the sample collected from the final sample, which was collected approximately 2 miles downstream of the site, near the confluence of Town Branch Creek and the Kaskaskia River (EEI 1987). IEPA indicated that any PCB contamination found in the sediment samples was not directly attributable to the Van Tran site (Gross 1995a).

A Screening Site Inspection (SSI) was conducted at the site by the IEPA on May 13, 1987. During the SSI site reconnaissance, IEPA observed that no liner was in place in the evaporation pit, and no access restrictions were in place to prevent contact with the waste materials. Drums of material that had been removed from the evaporation pit and drums of spent solvents were being stored in a shed in the north part of the site (Moss 1988). The SSI report indicated that although Van Tran did not file a RCRA Part A permit, the IEPA still considered the site a land disposal facility (IEPA 1987a). No samples were collected during the SSI (IEPA 1987a).

On July 23, 1987, the IEPA conducted a facility inspection at the site for compliance with groundwater monitoring requirements. During the inspection, IEPA noted that several of the four monitoring wells and four piezometers at the site were not located adjacent to the evaporation pit as was required. In addition, the only testing of the wells was for PCB contamination. Van Tran had failed to test for organic constituents as directed by IEPA. (IEPA 1987).

In May 1993 IEPA made the decision to fund the closure of the evaporation pit because the Van Tran Electric Corporation was failing to make progress with the remedial work. This action was in accordance with a Notice Pursuant to Section 4(q) of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act. On October 3, 1994, IEPA contracted Riedel Environmental Services, Inc. (Riedel), of Chesterfield, Missouri, to conduct the evaporation pit and drum storage area excavation activities, and to remove the stored drums of soil from earlier excavations (Gross 1995d). Riedel excavated the soil contained within the area indicated to be the original dimensions of the evaporation pit and placed the soil in roll-off boxes for disposal. In late October 1994 a second soil excavation was conducted to remove soil from the sloped sides of the pit. Photoionization detectors (PIDs) used by Riedel during the excavation indicated elevated organic vapor readings. In November 1994, Riedel excavated to a depth of 4 to 5 feet in the evaporation pit. All of the excavated material was disposed of in a hazardous waste landfill in Alabama (Gross 1995d). Cleanup of the drum storage areas was completed in June 1995. As of August 1995, excavation of the evaporation pit is nearly completed, and little residual contamination remains (Gross 1995b).

In January 1995 GEO Environmental (GEO), of St. Louis, Missouri, was contracted by IEPA to conduct a soil vapor study of the evaporation pit. GEO was instructed by IEPA to collect soil vapor samples at 5- and 9-foot depths. VOCs were not detected in the samples above detection limits (Gross 1995d).

In February 1995 IEPA collected samples from the evaporation pit to determine whether the soils met closure requirements (Gross 1995c). Five soil samples were collected

and analyzed for VOCs, heavy metals, and PCBs. Residual concentrations of VOCs were detected in the soil samples.

As of September 1, 1995, IEPA intends to excavate an additional 9 cubic yards of soil from the evaporation pit. Following the soil excavation, IEPA intends to designate the area remediation complete and backfill the pit area with clean fill materials (Gross 1995a).

4. MIGRATION AND EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

This section describes the four migration and exposure pathways associated with the Van Tran site. Section 4.1 discusses the groundwater migration pathway; Section 4.2 discusses the surface water migration pathway; Section 4.3 discusses the soil exposure pathway; and Section 4.4 discusses the air migration pathway.

4.1 GROUNDWATER MIGRATION PATHWAY

This section discusses the geology and soils, groundwater releases, and targets associated with the groundwater migration pathway at the site.

4.1.1 Geology and Soils

The Hagarstown Beds, Quaternary deposits of gravel, sand, silts, and clay, are found underneath the Van Tran site to depths of approximately 100 feet BGS. The bedrock beneath the Quaternary deposits consists of Pennsylvanian calcareous shales and clays (Baker/TSA 1988). A hydrogeologic investigation was performed as part of the preliminary containment assessment performed by Baker/TSA in 1987. In the preliminary containment assessment report, Baker/TSA indicated that there appeared to be two distinct aquifers beneath the site. The uppermost aquifer, which is the water table aquifer, occurs in the Hagarstown Beds. Fifty feet of glacial till then separates the uppermost aquifer from the second aquifer occurring in the Pennsylvanian bedrock. Based on groundwater elevations collected during monitoring well installations, the direction of groundwater flow is to the north (Baker/TSA 1988).

Approximately 1,000 residents within a 4-mile radius of the Van Tran site obtain drinking water from private wells drawing water from the shallow aquifer (IEPA 1987a).

4.1.2 Groundwater Releases

Based on current site conditions and analytical results obtained from previous investigations, a release of hazardous substances into the groundwater has not been documented. However, a potential for a release of TAC and TCL chemicals from the site to groundwater exits.

In April 1987 EEI installed four monitoring wells on the Van Tran site. Monitoring well A (MW-A) was intended to be a downgradient well. It was installed north of the on-site buildings and to the east of the evaporation pit. Monitoring well B (MW-B) was also intended to be a downgradient well, and it was installed in the northwest corner of the site. Monitoring well C (MW-C), also a downgradient well, was installed northeast of the facility, and monitoring well D (MW-D) was installed south (upgradient) of the site across U.S. 40. See Figure 2-2 for monitoring well and piezometer locations.

Chemical analysis of groundwater samples collected by EEI in May 1987 indicated the presence of TCL and TAL chemicals. 1,1,1 Trichloroethane was detected in MW-B at a concentration of 10 micrograms per liter (μ /L) (Baker/TSA 1988); however, no TCL or TAL chemicals were detected at levels greater than the drinking water Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) set by the U.S. EPA in the June 1994 Superfund Chemical Data Matrix (SCDM) (U.S. EPA 1994b). Complete analytical results obtained from the samples collected in 1987 are provided in Appendix A of this report. No known engineering controls are installed on site to prevent the migration of contaminants to groundwater or surface water.

4.1.3 Targets

The City of Vandalia obtains its water supply from two surface water intakes. One intake is located on the Kaskaskia River at the point where U.S. Route 51 meets the river on the eastern side of Vandalia (Dunaway 1995). This intake is located upstream of the confluence of Town Branch Creek and the Kaskaskia River (IEPA 1987a). The second surface water intake is located on Lake Vandalia, an impoundment on Bear Creek, approximately 1.5 miles northeast and upstream of the site. The city of Vandalia's water system services approximately 6,100 persons (Dunaway 1995).

Approximately 1,000 persons residing within a 4-mile radius of the site obtain drinking water from private wells drawing water from the shallow aquifer. The closest private well is located approximately 0.5 mile north of the site (USGS 1974a).

4.2 SURFACE WATER MIGRATION PATHWAY

Based on current site conditions, a release to surface water has not been documented. The nearest surface water body to the Van Tran site is Town Branch Creek, which is located approximately 0.5 mile to the southeast. Town Branch Creek flows in a southeasterly direction for approximately 1 mile to its confluence with the Kaskaskia River (USGS 1974a). The Kaskaskia River is used recreationally for boating, swimming, and fishing (DeLorme 1991). Uses of Town Branch Creek are not known. In April 1987 IEPA and EEI collected 12 sets of sediment samples for PCB analysis from the on-site drainage ditches and Town Branch Creek. PCBs were not detected in the on-site sediment sample collected from the drainage ditch along the railroad tracks north of the site. PCBs were detected at a total concentration of 3.6 mg/kg in a sample collected from the same ditch at an off-site location, northeast of the site. PCBs were detected at a maximum total concentration of 680 mg/kg in the drainage ditch on the southeast side of the site. The concentration of PCBs decreased to 5.4 mg/kg in a sample collected at an unknown distance downstream of the site. A sediment sample collected from the western drainage ditch, at the point where it flows off site and under U.S. Route 40, was found to contain PCBs at a concentration of 4.2 mg/kg. The point where the eastern and western drainage ditches converge, south of U.S. Route 40 and southeast of the site, was also sampled, and PCBs were detected at a total concentration of less than 1 mg/kg (EEI 1987). From that location, the drainage ditch flows south to an intermittent tributary of Town Branch Creek. Analysis of samples collected from the next two downstream sediment sample locations, in Town Branch Creek, indicated no detectable PCB concentrations. The sample collected from the next downstream location had a PCB concentration of less than 1 mg/kg, and the sample collected from next-to-last downstream location had a total PCB concentration of 11 mg/kg. No PCBs were detected in the final downstream sample location, near the confluence of Town Branch Creek and the Kaskaskia River (EEI 1987). However, IEPA indicated that any PCB contamination found in the sediment samples was not directly attributable to the Van Tran site (Gross 1995a).

The site is not known to be located within the 500-year floodplain of Town Branch Creek or the Kaskaskia River (IEPA 1987a).

The City of Vandalia obtains its water from two surface water intakes. One intake is on the Kaskaskia River and it is located at the point upstream of the confluence of Town Branch Creek and the Kaskaskia River. The second surface water intake is located on Lake Vandalia, an impoundment on Bear Creek, approximately 1.5 miles northeast and upstream of the site. The City of Vandalia's water system services approximately 6,100 persons (Dunaway 1995).

Numerous small (less than 5 acres in size) wetlands are known to exist within a 4-mile radius of the site and along the banks of the Kaskaskia River within 15 miles downstream of the Van Tran site (USDI 1988a, 1988b). In addition, several species of threatened or endangered plants and animals are known to exist in Fayette County (Herkert 1994). However, none of the wetlands are confirmed to have been adversely affected by the Van Tran site, and none of the endangered species are confirmed to have habitats on site (IEPA 1987a).

4.3 SOIL EXPOSURE PATHWAY

A release of hazardous substances from the Van Tran site to surrounding soils has been documented. During the February 1995 sampling conducted by IEPA, elevated levels of VOCS and PCBs were detected in the soils beneath the evaporation pit. Five soil samples, identified as X101 through X105, were collected. Chemical analysis of soil sample X101 did not indicate the presence of VOCs. Residual concentrations of VOCs were detected in samples X102, X103, and X104, but the levels were not significantly above the detection limits. Chemical analysis of soil sample X105 indicated the presence of the following chemicals: toluene, 2,800 mg/kg; ethylbenzene, 95 mg/kg; xylenes, 520 mg/kg; and Aroclor 1242, 6 mg/kg (Gross 1995c). Appendix C presents the 1995 IEPA soil sample analytical results.

However, in 1994 IEPA began excavating the evaporation pit. As of August 1995, excavation of the pit is nearly completed, and according to IEPA little residual contamination remains. Cleanup of the former drum storage area was completed under IEPA supervision in June 1995, and IEPA continues to monitor the site (Gross 1995a, 1995b). As of September 1, 1995, IEPA intends to excavate an additional 9 cubic yards of soil from the evaporation pit. IEPA will then designate the area remediation complete and backfill the area with clean fill material (Gross 1995a).

The Van Tran Electric Corp. has not been active since September 1987. Therefore, the only on-site workers are those involved with the on-going state-funded cleanup activities. No schools, daycare centers, or private residences are located within 200 feet of the site. According to the USGS map, the nearest residence is located 0.5 mile north of the site, based on a straight-line distance. Approximately 3,000 persons reside within a 1-mile radius of the site, based on a straight-line distance (USGS 1974a). Access to the entire site is not restricted; however, a fence exists around the evaporation pit to prevent access (Gross 1995a).

Several species of threatened or endangered plants and animals are known to exist in Fayette County (Herkert 1994), but none are known to exist on the Van Tran site.

4.4 AIR MIGRATION PATHWAY

Based on the current site conditions, a release of hazardous substances from the site to air is unlikely, but the potential for such a release exists. The evaporation pit has been excavated and confirmation samples have been collected to determine the levels of residual contamination (Gross 1995b). During the site investigative activities conducted by Riedel in October 1994, PID readings indicated elevated vapor readings in the evaporation pit area; however, no air samples have been collected for analysis. In addition, the site is well vegetated, and this would reduce the potential for windblown contamination. Approximately 6,450 persons reside within a 4-mile radius of the site (USGS 1974a, 1974b, 1974c, 1974d). No complaints by nearby residents of odors emanating from the site are currently on file with the IEPA or the U.S. EPA.

Numerous small (less than 5 acres) wetlands are known to exist within a 4-mile radius of the site and along the banks of the Kaskaskia River within 15 miles downstream of the Van Tran site (USDI 1988a and 1988b). In addition, several species of threatened or endangered plant and animals are known to exist in Fayette County (Herkert 1994). The Vandalia Geological Area is located approximately 2 miles north of the Van Tran site, based on a straight-line distance (Illinois Natural Heritage 1994).

5. SUMMARY

E & E has evaluated the Van Tran site using the existing IEPA and U.S. EPA files, various state information services, and personal communications with IEPA personnel. The Van Tran Electric Corp. was a manufacturer of electrical transformers and operated at the site from 1962 to September 1987. The approximately 3-acre site is located within the corporate boundaries of Vandalia, Illinois.

In June 1985 IEPA conducted a site reconnaissance inspection of the Van Tran site and discovered that an evaporation pit located in the northern portion of the site was being used to discard paint and solvent wastes. Xylene, toluene, MEK, and PCBs are suspected to have been disposed of in this impoundment.

On March 1, 1987, the Van Tran Electric Corp. and IEPA entered into a consent agreement to conduct site investigation activities at the site. An SSI was conducted by IEPA on May 13, 1987, but no samples were collected (IEPA 1987a). In May 1993 IEPA made the decision to fund the closure of the evaporation pit because the Van Tran Electric Corp. was failing to make progress in the remedial work.

The geology in the area of the Van Tran site consists of Quaternary deposits of gravel, sand, silt, and clay to a depth of approximately 100 feet. The bedrock beneath the Quaternary deposits consists of Pennsylvanian calcareous shales and clays (Baker/TSA 1988). Two distinct aquifers exist beneath the site. The uppermost aquifer, which is the water table aquifer, occurs in the Hagarstown Beds. Based on groundwater elevations collected during monitoring well installations, the direction of groundwater flow is toward the north (Baker/TSA 1988).

Approximately 1,000 persons residing within a 4-mile radius of the site obtain drinking water from private wells drawing water from the shallow aquifer. The closest private well is located approximately 0.5 mile north of the site (USGS 1974a).

Based on current site conditions and previous groundwater sampling events, a release of hazardous substances from the site into the groundwater has not been documented.

1,1,1-Trichloroethane was detected at a concentration of 10 μ /L in a groundwater sample collected in MW-B during the April 1987 site investigative activities, but no other contaminants were detected.

Town Branch Creek, the nearest surface water body to the Van Tran site, is located approximately 0.5 mile to the southeast. Uses of Town Branch Creek are not known. Town Branch Creek flows in a southeasterly direction for approximately 1 mile to its confluence with the Kaskaskia River (USGS 1974a), which is used recreationally for boating, swimming, and fishing (DeLorme 1991).

Based on current site conditions, a release of hazardous substances from the site to surface water has not been documented. The nearest surface water body to the Van Tran site, Town Branch Creek, is located approximately 0.5 mile to the southeast. Town Branch Creek flows in a southeasterly direction for approximately 1.5 miles to its confluence with the Kaskaskia River (USGS 1974a). The Kaskaskia River is used recreationally for boating, swimming, and fishing (DeLorme 1991). Uses of Town Branch Creek are not known. In April 1987 IEPA and EEI collected 12 sets of sediment samples for PCB analysis from the on-site drainage ditches and Town Branch Creek. Sediment sample locations are presented in Appendix B. PCBs were not detected in the on-site sediment sample collected from a drainage ditch along the railroad tracks north of the site. PCBs were detected at a total concentration of 3.6 mg/kg in a sample collected from the same ditch at an off-site location, northeast of the site. PCBs were detected at a maximum total concentration of 680 mg/kg in the drainage ditch on the southeast side of the site. The concentration of PCBs decreased to 5.4 mg/kg in a sample collected at an unknown distance downstream of the site. A sediment sample collected from the western drainage ditch, at the point where it flows off site and under U.S. Route 40, was found to contain PCBs at a concentration of 4.2 mg/kg. The point where the eastern and western drainage ditches converge, south of U.S. Route 40 and southeast of the site, was also sampled, and PCBs were detected at a total concentration of less than 1 mg/kg (EEI 1987). From that location, the drainage ditch flows south to an intermittent tributary of Town Branch Creek. Analysis of samples collected from the next two downstream sediment sample locations, in Town Branch Creek, indicated no detectable PCB concentrations. The sample collected from the next downstream location had a PCB concentration of less than 1 mg/kg, and the sample collected from next-to-last downstream location had a total PCB concentration of 11 mg/kg. No PCBs were detected in the final downstream sample location, near the confluence of Town Branch Creek and the Kaskaskia River (EEI 1987). However, IEPA indicated that any PCB contamination found in the sediment samples was not directly attributable to the Van Tran site (Gross 1995a).

The site is not known to be located within the 500-year floodplain of Town Branch Creek or the Kaskaskia River (IEPA 1987a).

The City of Vandalia obtains its water from two surface water intakes. One intake is located on the Kaskaskia River at a the point upstream of the confluence of Town Branch Creek and the Kaskaskia River. The second surface water intake is located on Lake Vandalia, an impoundment on Bear Creek, approximately 1.5 miles northeast and upstream of the site. The City of Vandalia's water system services approximately 6,100 persons (Dunaway 1995).

Numerous small (less than 5 acres in size) wetlands are known to exist within a 4-mile radius of the site and along the banks of the Kaskaskia River within 15 miles downstream of the Van Tran site (USDI 1988a and 1988b). In addition, several species of threatened or endangered plants and animals are known to exist in Fayette County (Herkert 1994). However, none of the wetlands or endangered species are confirmed to have been adversely affected by the Van Tran site (IEPA 1987a).

A release of hazardous substances from the Van Tran site to surrounding soils has been documented. 1995 sampling by IEPA revealed elevated levels of VOCs and PCBs in soils beneath the evaporation pit. However, as of September 1, 1995, IEPA intends to excavate an additional 9 cubic yards of soil from the evaporation pit and designate the area remediation complete. Backfilling of the area with clean fill material will complete the work on the excavation pit (Gross 1995a).

Based on the current site conditions, a release of hazardous substances to air is unlikely to have occurred at the Van Tran site, but the potential for such a release exists. The site is well vegetated, and the vegetation would reduce the potential for windblown contamination. The evaporation pit has been excavated, and confirmation samples have been collected to determine the levels of residual contamination (Gross 1995b). During the site investigative activities conducted by Riedel in October 1994, PID readings indicated elevated vapor readings in the evaporation pit area; however, no air samples have been collected for analysis. No complaints by nearby residents of odors emanating from the site are currently on file with the IEPA or the U.S. EPA. Numerous small (less than 5 acres in size) wetlands are known to exist within a 4-mile radius of the site along the banks of the Kaskaskia River, but none are known to have been impacted by air releases from the site (USDI 1988a and 1988b). The Vandalia Geological Area is located approximately 2 miles north of the Van Tran site, based on a straight-line distance (Illinois Natural Heritage 1994).

The Van Tran site has been an IEPA-led and -funded cleanup site since May 1993. At present, the drum storage areas and the evaporation pit have been remediated. Confirmation sampling of the evaporation pit has been conducted to determine the levels of

residual contamination, and the IEPA intends to complete remediation efforts in the near future (Gross 1995a).

6. REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A

1987 PRELIMINARY CONTAMINANT ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL DATA

TABLE F-1 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT SURFACE SOILS SAMPLING/ANALYTICAL RESULTS

SAMPLE I.D. LOCATION	2000* S OF LOADING DOCK	2001 W OF COOLING RACK	2002 NE OF PROD. BUILDING
PARAMETERS mg/kg			
PARAMETERS mg/kg Aluminum, Total Antimony, Total Arsenic, Total Barium, Total Beryllium, Total Cadmium, Total Cadmium, Total Chromium, Total Chromium, Total Cobalt, Total Copper, Total Iron, Total Lead, Total Magnesium, Total Manganese, Total Mercury, Total Nickel, Total Potassium, Total PCBs, Total Aroclor 1211 Aroclor 1242 Aroclor 1248 Aroclor 1254 Aroclor 1260 Selenium, Total Silver, Total Sodium, Total	1300	8010 <2.00 6.65 201 0.349 2.34 4200 19.6 5.09 28.8 16200 72 2030 695 <0.05 28.8 830 62 <1 <1 <1 48 <1 14 <0.998 <2.99 58.9 83.4%	6590
Solids, Total Thallium, Total	<1.00	<0.98	<0.98
Vanadium, Total Zinc. Total	6.08 35.8	26.2 242	22.2 35.1

^{*}Split sample with IEPA representative.

TABLE F-2 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-A (SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT AREA)

MPLE I.D. PTH INTERVAL	2045 0-1	2046 1-2	2047 2-5	2048D 2-5	2049* 5-8	2050 8-9	2051 9-10	2052 10-11	2053 11-12
RAMETER mg/kg★			·					·	
iminum, Total	7340	5930	4600	4120	9670	6630	1070	924	783
timony, Total	<1.76(1)	<1.95(1)	<1.93(1)	<1.91(1)	<1.81(1)	<1.89(1)	<1.97(1)	<1.95(1)	<1.99(1)
senic, Total	7.83	1.86(1)	2.86(1)	2.00(1)	7.29(1)	3.21(1)	1.29(1)	1.07(1)	1.23(1)
ium, Total	74.6	61.4	83.1	79.8	56.8	31.7	15.3	12.6	15.6
yllium, Total	0.265(1)	0.499	0.406	0.512	0.478	0.356	0.211	<0.093	<0.092
dmium, Total	2.07	1.69	2.22	1.77	0.940	1.06	0.750	1.91	0.648
leium, Total	2000	2270	1190	1210	1250	828	685	343	471
romium, Total	18.3	13.9	15.1	14.5	8.22	7.74	3.37	3.09	3.88
balt, Total	9.14(1)	3.79	3.19	4.06	2.63	2.89	2.02	<1.86	<1.84
pper, Total	20.8	21.7	7.76	7.80	5.69	6.24	2.54	2.78	24.6
n, Total	17500	11000	20100	15700	6120	4330	1950	6680	6180
ad, Total	170	73.1	13.5	16.3	8.1	4.7	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
gnesium, Total	1710	1580	1180	1180	915	1010	529	296	372
nganese, Total	278(2)	299(1)	101(1)	45.1(1)	22.6(1)	27.7(1)	20.7(1)	246(1)	344(1)
rcury, Total	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	<0.05
ekel, Total	10.2	7.60	12.1	10.2	8.46	8.03	3.88	5.58	3.81
tassium, Total	1750	620(1)(2)(3)	790(1)(2)(3)	610(1)(2)(3)	440(1)(2)(3)	70(1)(2)(3)	240(1)(2)	220(1)(2)	620(1)(2)(3)
Bs, Total Detectable	96	10	44	37	3	<1	<1	<1	<1
oclor, 1016	<5	<1	<5	<5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
oclor, 1221	<5	<1	< 5	<5	<1	<1	<1	<1	 <1
oclor, 1242	< 5	<1	<5	<5	3	<1	<1	< 1	<1
oclor, 1248	69	7	31	26	<1	<1	<1 .	<1	<1
oclor, 1254	<5	<1	<5	<5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
oclor, 1260	27	3	13	11	<1	<1	<1 −	<1	<1
enium, Total	<0.98	<0.39(1)	<0.39(1)	<0.38(1)	<0.36(1)	<0.38(1)	<0.39(1)	<0.39(1)	<0.40(1)
ver, Total	<2.65(2)	<2.93	<2.89	<2.87	<2.71	<2.84	<2.96	<2.93	< 2.99
lium, Total	57.3	82.0	234	223	244	220	123	87.8	72.8
iids, Total	82.1%	88.1%	84.7%	86.8%	87.4%	88.1%	91.9%	94.7%	94.1%
allium, Total	<0.74	<0.73	<0.72	<0.72	<0.68	<0.71	<0.74	<0.73	< 0.75
nadium, Total	21.0(1)	15.8	18.3	18.4	21.8	14.1	10.4	6.04	3.87 17.6(2)
ie, Total	525	206(3)	32.0(2)	39.0(2)	23.4(2)	29.0(2)	18.6(2)	19.6(2)	1 (.0(*)

Split sample with IEPA representative.
Detected in laboratory blank.

Dry weight is.

- Spike recovery not within control limit. Duplicate not within control limit. (1)
- (2)
- Severe matrix interference.

TABLE F-2 .itinued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-A (SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT AREA)

MPLE I.D. 3PTH INTERVAL	2045 0-1	2046 1-2	2047 2-5	2048D 2-5	2049* 5-8	2050 8-9	2051 9-10	2052 10-11	2053 11-12
NKNOWN/TENTA- VELY IDENTIFIED MIVOLATILE DMPOUNDS t. Concentrations g/kg)						·			
/lene	NA	NA	1600	6700	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
nknown Benzene	NA	NA	1900	980	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
nknown	NA	NA	2200	10000	1100	710	470 **	410	960**
ecane	NA	NA	2200	7700	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
hyl Methyl Benzene	NA	NA	1700	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
iknown Hydrocarbon	NA	NA	1500	1700	870	ND	ND	ND	ND
iknown Hydrocarbon	NA	NA	1500	1800	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
ethyl(Methyl Ethyl)	NA	NA	2800	990	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene								ND	ND
ndecane	NA	NA	5400	6700	ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
iknown Benzene	NA	NA	1100	1900	ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND
aknown Benzene	NA	NA	2000	ND	ND	490	560	ND	720**
ıknown	NA	NA -	950	950	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
iknown Hydrocarbon	NA	NA	930	1200	ND	ND	ND ND	ND	ND
odecane	NA	NA	2200	1800	ND	740	380 **	ND	ND
nknown	NA	NA	1700	1100	11000	ND	ND	ND	ND
iknown Hydrocarbon	NA	NA	2000	ND	ND	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND
iknown Hydrocarbon	NA	NA	1600	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
/lene	NA	NA	ND	2400	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND
imethyl Benzene	NA	NA	ND	2200	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND	ND
imethyl Benzene	NA	NA	ND	1200	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND
ethyl Propyl Benzene	NA	NA	ND	900		ND	ND ND	ND	ND
ethyl (Methyl Ethyl)	NA	NA	ND	1900	ND	ND	142		
Benzene			,,,,	1000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
nknown	NA	NA	ND	1300	ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
nknown Tetrachloro-1,1'-	NA	NA	ND	1200	1 170		- · •		
Biphenyl 1,2,2 Tetrachloroethane	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	1200	580 **	1100	740**

Split sample with IEPA representative.

- Detected in laboratory blank.

TABLE F-2 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-A (SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT AREA)

MPLE I.D. PTH INTERVAL	2045 0-1	2046 1-2	2047 2-5	2048D 2-5	2049* 5-8	2050 8-9	2051 9-10	2052 10-11	2053 11-12
MI-VOLATILE MPOUNDS pg/kg		٠,							
phthalene 3(2-Ethyl xyl)Phthalate	NA NA	NA NA	<1000 1700	[830] [760]	<1000 <1000	<1000 <1000	<1000 <1000	<1000 <1000	<1000 <1000
CATILE COMPOUNDS /kg									
etone Butanone cluene ctal Xylenes Methyl-2-Pentanone	NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA	<5000 87000 31000 <7500 <5000	10000 92000 3000 2600 <100	8900 36000 <50 <150 230	6700 6300 <50 <150 230	37 <10 <5 <15 <10	2300 1600 <50 <150 <100	94 93 <5 <15 <10

Split sample with IEPA representative.

1 - Not analyzed for this parameter.

- Reported value is less than detection limit.

TABLE F-2 (cc ued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-A (SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT AREA)

PLE I.D. TH INTERVAL	2045 0-1	2046 1-2	2047 2-5	2048D 2-5	2049* 5-8	2050 8-9	2051 9-10	2052 10-11	2053 11-12
NOWN TENTA- LY IDENTIFIED ATILE COMPOUNDS Concentrations								·	
opanol ic Acid, Methyl Ester tanol nown nown ntanone nown ethyl Propanol itanol lic Acid, Butyl Ester	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	570 86 560 52 100 130 180 61 190 ND ND	1500 290 520 87 ND ND ND ND ND 130 87	440 ND 450 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND N	360 ND 300 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND N

Split sample with IEPA representative.
Not analyzed for this parameter.
None detected.

MPLE I.D. PTH INTERVAL	2036* 0-1	2037 1-2	2038 * 2-5	2039 5-8	2040D 5-8	2041 8-9	2042 9-10	2043 10-11	2044 11-12
RAMETER mg/kg*									
uminum, Total stimony, Total senic, Total rium, Total ryllium, Total dmium, Total scium, Total scium, Total sper, Total on, Total ad, Total ad, Total spesium, Total specium, Total	9980 <0.98(1) 5.62 96.5 0.452(1) 1.96 2480 19.1 7.89(1) 24.4 17500 48.5 1870 239(2) <0.05 10.0	10100 <1.94(1) 8.64 140 0.550(1) 1.56 1180 16.4 7.91(1) 14.0 11400 12.3 1740 223(2) <0.05 16.0	5750 <1.92(1) 14.8 78.5 0.402(1) 1.91 1390 17.8 2.35(1) 10.7 16600 10.4 1890 269(2) <0.05 10.2	6380 <1.90(1) 3.16 23.8 0.330(1) 0.339 250 5.31 2.91(1) 5.11 6890 <5.0 1110 148(2) <0.05 9.49	5090 <1.79(1) 0.71 20.7 0.254(1) 0.920 4130 4.29 2.44(1) 4.02 7980 <5.0 885 157(2) <0.05 8.33	1730 <1.60(1) 0.49 23.7 0.132(1) 0.392 1310 6.74 2.16(1) 4.65 4700 <5.0 1070 37.8(2) <0.05 8.10	1050 <1.66(1) 1.13 10.1 <0.095(1) 0.248 569 2.95 <1.91(1) 2.04 2130 <10 441 30.2(2) <0.05 3.79	619	720 <1.91(1) 4.88 8.15 <0.095(1) 0.544 559 3.20 <1.90(1) 2.80 3060 <5.0 433 92.1(2) <0.05 4.03

Split sample with IEPA representative.

Dry weight basis.

Spike recovery not within control limit.

Duplicate not within control limit.

				,			,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
PLE I.D. TH INTERVAL	2036* 0-1	2037 1-2	2038* 2-5	2039 5-8	2040D 5-8	2041 8-9	2042 9-10	2043 10-11	2044 11-12
AMETER mg/kg*			·						
ssium, Total c, Total lor, 1016 lor, 1221 lor, 1242 lor, 1248 lor, 1254 lor, 1260 nium, Total r, Total im, Total s, Total dium, Total dium, Total , Total	1750 85 <5 <5 72 <5 13 <0.96 6.47(2) 82.0 84.3% <0.72 24.7(1) 314	1310 23 <5 <5 19 <5 4 <0.39 11.0(2) 120 85.4% <0.72 20.2(1) 42.8	1270 15 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <0.39 <2.88(2) 72.1 87.8% <0.74 11.1(1) 205	725 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <21 <20.98 <3.01(2) 207 90.9% <0.73 11.4(1) 31.3	227 1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <0.39 <2.80(2) 184 90.3% <0.73 12.3(1) 25.9	490 1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <0.38 <2.40(2) 197 93.4% <0.70 7.61(1) 21.2	121 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <2.38 <2.48(2) 118 93.4% <0.72 6.68(1) 19.0	221 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <0.39 <2.40(2) 114 94.8% <0.73 4.02(1) 16.2	234 1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <0.38 <2.87(2) 98.4 95.3% 0.92 4.74(1) 26.2
one tanone ene lbenzene l Xylenes	NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA	<50000 200000 850000 32000 120000	6800 29000 5800 <1000 <3000	10000 21000 150 <50 <150	2900 5000 <50 <50 <150	260 190 <50 <50 <150	60 94 <5 <5 <15	<10 <10 <5 <5 <15

Split sample with IEPA representative.

Dry weight basis.

Not analyzed for this parameter.

Spike recovery not within control limit.

Duplicate not within control limit.

PLE I.D. TH INTERVAL	2036 * 0-1	2037 1-2	2038 * 2-5	2039 5-8	2040D 5-8	2041 8-9	2042 9-10	2043 10-11	2044 11-12
TATIVELY ITIPIED VOLATILE IPOUNDS Concentrations kg)					·				:
opanol tic Acid, Methyl Ester itanol nown nown	NA NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA NA	ND ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND	360 130 400 68 72 93	130 ND 160 ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND 12 ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND
II-VOLATILE MPOUNDS ug/kg zyl Alcohol	NA	NA	[930]	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000
2-Ethyl Hexyl)	NA	NA	1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	< 1000	<1000

Split sample with IEPA representative. Not detected.

Not analyzed for this parameter.
Indicates value that is less than detection limit.

LE I.D. I INTERVAL	2036* 0-1	2037 1-2	2038* 2-5	2039 5-8	2040D 5-8	2041 8-9	2042 9-10	2043 10-11	2044 11-12
ATIVELY PIPIED OLATILE OUNDS oncentrations									
e e own Hydrocarbon oxyl/Ethanol own thyl Benzene ie thyl Benzene :ane own oro-1,1'-Biphenyl own Benzene	NA	NA	21000 6600 3000 1800 7000 1800 12000 4400 5100 2700 2100 1600	520 ND 650 640 980 ND 760 ND 2200 3200 ND	ND ND ND 520 ND ND ND ND 3600 ND	ND ND ND 1300** ND	ND ND ND 1000** ND	ND ND ND 870** ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND 830** ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND

Split sample with IEPA representative. Detected in Laboratory Blank.

Not detected.

Not analyzed for this parameter.

E I.D. INTERVAL	2036* 0-1	2037 1-2	2038* 2-5	2039 5-8	2040D 5-8	2041 8-9	2042 9-10	2043 10-11	2044 11-12
TIVELY FIED OLATILE OUNDS ncentrations (µg/kg)			,	,					
hyl Benzene ro-1,1'-Biphenyl ro-1,1'-Biphenyl ro-1,1'-Biphenyl ro-1,1'-Biphenyl wn wn wn wn wn Hydrocarbon ane -Tetrachloroethane	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	2500 2600 1700 4200 1800 1600 11000 ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND 740 1300 1700 800 730 860 ND	ND ND ND ND 1200** ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND N	ND	ND N	ND N

Split sample with IEPA representative.
Detected in Laboratory Blank.

Not detected.

Not analyzed for this parameter.

TABLE 1-4
VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT
ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-C (SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2018 0-1	2019 1-2	2020 2-3	2021 3-4	2022 4-5	2023 5-6	2024 6-7
PARAMETER mg/kg					,		
Aluminum, Total	13084	4964	12060	9246	9857	1423	1331
Antimony, Total	<0.25	<0.21	<0.23	<0.23	<0.21	<0.19	0.34
Arsenic, Total	10	<1.65	7.0	20	14	<0.77	<0.86
Barlum, Total	181	174	148	139	86	<15	<17
Beryllium, Total	0.50	0.58	0.46	0.83	0.86	0.38	0.43
Cadmium, Total	3.6	2.2	3.2	1.7	1.4	<0.31	< 0.34
Calcium, Total	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Chromium, Total	60	83	19	92	51	4.6	4.8
Cobalt, Total	8.0	12	7.4	15	15	3.1	3.4
Copper, Total	60	35	34	32	25	<0.7	<0.8
Iron, Total	13084	16545	11132	18491	15428	1308	1975
Lead, Total	402	265	102	3.7	188	2.8	2.0
Magnesium, Total	-	-	. -	-	-	-	_
Manganese, Total	704	1240	835	1156	471	16	15
Mercury, Total	< 0.10	<0.08	<0.09	0.18	<0.08	<0.08	<0.08
Nickel, Total	8.0	6.6	8.3	7.4	10	2.3.	<2.6
Potassium, Total	_		-	-	-	· -	_
PCBs, Total Detectable, mg/kg	2190	2470	1600	334	3100	121	100
Aroclor, 1016	<25	<58	<93	<23	<28	<0.2	<18
Aroclor, 1010 Aroclor, 1221	<25	<58	<93	<23	<28	<0.2	<18
Aroelor, 1232	<25	<58	<93	<23	<28	<0.2	<18
Aroelor, 1232 Aroelor, 1242	190	77	[47]	34	210	1.2	[16]
Aroclor, 1242 Aroclor, 1248	<25	<58	<93	<23	<28	<0.2	<18
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<25	<58	<93	<23	<28	<0.2	<18
Arcelor, 1254	2000	2400	1600	300	2900	120	100
Aroclor, 1260	<0.5	<0.41	<0.46	< 0.46	< 0.43	<0.38	< 0.43
Selenium, Total	0.5	0.33	1.6	1.8	1.1	0.31	< 0.34
Silver, Total	-	_	-	-	-	- [-
Sodium, Total	<0.2	< 0.17	< 0.19	<0.18	<0.17	<0.17	< 0.17
Thallium, Total	25	43	25	39	33	1.8	4.8
Vanadium, Total				139	86	9.2	12
Zine, Total	252	165	232	139	86	9.2	

Value reported less than detection limit.

TABLE F-4 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-C (SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2018 0-1	2019 1-2	2020 2-3	2021 3-4	2022 4-5	2023 5-6	2024 6-7
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg						·	
Methylene Chloride Acetone Chloroform 2-Butanone Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes Chlorobenzene	3500** 4100** 630** 9200 [270]** <500** [200]** [470]**	2600 4200 580 ND (260) 1900 [160] [380] <500	2700** 4900** 760** 12000 [310]** 2400** [270]** 970** <500	2300** 4200** 650** 9300 [270]** 2300** [340]** 1900** <500	39uu** 7100** 620** 8200 {290]** 2600** {440]** 4100**	4000** 2900** 510** <500 [260] 1700** [150] 520** <500	3600** 2600** [460]** <1000 [230] 3100** [270] 2200**

ND -None Detected.

Value reported less than detection limit. Compound detected in lab blank.

TABLE F-4 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-C (SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2018 0-1	2019 1-2	2020 2-3	2021 3-4	2022 4-5	2023 5-6	2024 6-7
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED*	1						
VOLATILE ORGANICS ug/kg							
Acetic Acid, Methyl Ester	3430	5060	2300	2680	2000	ND	ND
C6 Alkane	3890	ND	ND	3900	ND	ND	ND
Unknown	18040	9600	8600	9025	5500	10824	12050
Urea	ND	11060	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hexane	. ND	4790	4300	ND	ND	3640	ND
Unknown	ND	ND	11000	ND	ND	35280	ND
Unknown	ND	ND	1200	ND	ND	ND	ND
C6 Substituted Cycloalkane	ND	ND	600	500	8000	ND	ND
Unknown Hydrocarbon	ND	ND	1900	ND	9600	ND	ND
Unknown Hydrocarbon	ND	ND	930	ND	19000	ND	ND
Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	23000	ND	ND	ND	ND
C9 Aromatic	ND	ND	ND	2200	16000	ND	ND
C9 Substituted Cyclo Alkane	ND	ND	ND	1460	7900	ND	ND
C8-10 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	12560	ND	ND	ND
Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	6950	54000	ND	305800
Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	256100	2300000	ND	ND
C9-10 Alkane or Cyclo Alkane	ND	ND	ND	ND	91000	ND	ND
Nitrogen Containing Alkane	ND	ND	ND	ND	ИD	ND	7000
Pentane, 3-Methyl	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3630
C-9 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	17630
Cyclic C-9 Hydrocarbon	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5980
C-10 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	29500

ND - Not detected.

^{• -} All tentatively identified volatile organics are reported less than detection limits.

TABLE F-4 (continued) **VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION** PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-C (SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2018 0-1	2019 1-2	2020 2-3	2021 3-4	2022 4-5	2023 5-6	2024 6-7
SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS							
ug/kg	1						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	6100	4500	1800	5600	<330	960
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	44000	77000	<330	43000	140000	430	14000
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2000	6400	<330	1300	7500	<330	890
4-Methyl Phenol	[78]	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	460000	300000	2100	27000	170000	4000	55000
2.4.5-Trichlorophenol	[1500]	<1600	<1600	<1600	<1600	<1600	<1600
2-Nitroaniline	[640]	<1600	<1600	<1600	<1600	<1600	<1600
Dimethyl Phthalate	[92]	<330	<330	<330	[130]	<330	<330
Acenaphthylene	[81]	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330
Acenaphthene	[63]	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330
Dibenzofuran	[86]	<330	<330	<330	[20]	<330	<330
Fluorene	[120]	<330	<330	<330	[81]	<330	<330
Phenanthrene	[100]	1500	<330	<330	600	<330	<330
Di-N-Butyl Phthalate	2500	14000	1500	3500	5800	1300	2200
Fluoranthene	[120]	<330	<330	<330	[100]	<330	<330
Pyrene	[49]	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330
Bis(2-Ethyl Hexyl)Phthalate	150000	27000	800	5700	66000	<330	4300
Chrysene	[140]	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330
Di-N-Octyl Phthalate	[12]	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330	<330
Benzo(K)Fluoranthene	[160]	<330	<330	<330	[110]	<330	<330
Naphthalene	<330	410	<330	[49]	350	<330	<330
2-Methyl Naphthalene	<330	560	<330	<330	430	<330	<330
Hexachlorobenzene	<330	9700	<330	<330	2700	<330	<330
Nitrobenzene	<330	<330	<330	<330	[93]	<330	<330
4-Nitroaniline	<1600	<1600	<1600	<1600	[540]	<1600	< 1600
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine(1)	<330	<330	<330	<330	[120]	<330	<330
Anthracene	<330	<330	<330	<330	[28]	<330	<330
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	<330	<330	<330	<330	[52]	<330	<330
Benzo(a)Anthracene	<330	<330	<330	<330	[120]	<330	<330
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	<330	<330	<330	<330	[110]	<330	<330

Value reported less than detection limit.
 annot be separated from diphenylamine.

TABLE F-4 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-C (SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2018 0-1	2019 1-2	2020 2-3	2021 3-4	2022 4-5	2023 5-6	2024 6-7
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS*							
ng/kg							
C-10 Alkane	79000	ND	ND	ND	17000	ND	ND
Unknown Phthalate	110500	ИD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichlorobenzene	897000	365000	ND	51000	310000	ND	44000
Tetrachlorobenzene	212100	127300	ND	8300	420000	129000	17000
Tetrachlorobenzene	. 252000	1025500	ND	103000	ND	ND	150000
Tetrachlorobenzene	2400000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Pentachlorobenzene	1065000	450000	ND	45000	210000	20500	31000
Hexachlorobiphenyl	246000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Hexachlorobiphenyl	300000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND ND
Hexachlorobiphenyl	247000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND
Unknown Phthalate	330000	ИD	ND	ND	ND	31200	41000
Heptachlorobiphenyl	687000	129000	ND	ND	270000 130000	31200 ND	ND
Octachlorobiphenyl	320000	156000	ND	ND	ND	ND ND	ND
Octachlorobiphenyl	251000	173500	ND	ND ND	иD ИD	ND ND	ND ND
Octachlorobiphenyl	402000	ND	ND	ND DN	ИD	ND	ND
Nonachlorobiphenyl	68000	ND	ND		ND ND	ND	ND
Unknown	525000	ND	850000	94000 1400000	ND ND	ND ND	ND
Unknown	1111200	ND	37000	1400000 ND	810000	251000	590000
Unknown Hydrocarbon	ND	793000	ND ND	ND ND	20000	ND ND	ND
Unknown Hydrocarbon	ND	60200	ND D	ND ND	ND	52500	ND
C8-10 Alkane	ND	152000	ND ND	ND	130000	15400	21000
Pentachlorobiphenyl	ND	155000 134000	ND ND	ND	120000	20700	20000
Pentachlorobiphenyl	ND	134000	ND	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			

All tentatively identified semi-volatile organics are reported less than detection limit.

ND- None detected.

TABLE F-4 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-C (SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2018 0-1	2019 1-2	2020 2-3	2021 3-4	202 2 4-5	2023 5-6	2024 6-7
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED				·			
SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS*							
ug/kg							•
Pentachlorobiphenyl	ND	258000	ND	ND	ND	ND	26000
Hexachlorobiphenyl	ND	198900	ND	ND	170000	20300	26000
Hexachlorobiphenyl	ND	242000	ND	ND	270000	53600	84000
Hexachloroblphenyl	ND	302500	ND	ND	160000	55600	76000
Heptachlorobiphenyl	ND	204000	ND	ND	120000	22000	16000
Heptachlorobiphenyl	ND	387500	ND	ND	460000	46000	34000
Heptachlorobiphenyl	ND	289000	ND	ND	ИD	17700	16000
Halogenated Alkane	ND	ND	53000	ND	DИ	ND	ND
C-9 Alkane	ND	ND	45000	82000	ND	-115500	ND
C-9 Alkane	ND	ND	40000	5500	ND	ND	ND
Unknown	ND	ND	7200	84000	ND	ND	ND
Halogenated Benzene	ND	ND	4100	ND	ND	ND	ND
Halogenated Benzene	ND	ND	5000	ND	ND	ND	ND
Halogenated Benzene	ND	ND	5700	ND	ND	ND	ND
Unknown	ND	ND	28000	33000	ND	ND	ND ND
PCB-3 Chlorines	ND	ND	19000	ND	ND	ND	ND ND
PCB-4 Chlorines	ND	ND	10000	ND	ND	ND ND	ND ND
PCB-4 Chlorines	ND	ND	7700	ND	ND ND	עא ND	ND
PCB-4 Chlorines	ND	ND	10000	ND	טא DN	ND ND	ND ND
PCB-4 Chlorines	ND	ND	18000	ND	ND UN	ND ND	ND
PCB-5 Chlorines	ND	ND	18000	65000	ND ND	ND ND	ND
PCB-6 Chlorines	ND	ND	50000	150000	ND ND	ND ND	ND
PCB-6 Chlorines	ND	ND	42000	130000	ND	ND ND	ND
PCB-6 Chlorines	ND	ND	37000	140000	ND ND	ND ND	ND
PCB-7 Chlorines	ND	ND	32000	74000	ND	ND	

^{+ -} All tentatively identified semi-volatile organics are reported less than detection limit. ND- None detected.

TABLE F-4 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-C (SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2018 0-1	2019 1-2	2020 2-3	2021 3-4	2022 4-5	2023 5-6	2024 6-7
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED						·	
SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS*	[']						
ug/kg							
C10-19 Alkane	ND	72700	ИD	DИ	ND	ND	ПN
Alkane Hydrocarbon	ND	ND	ND	83000	ND	ND	ND
C-9 Aromatic	ND	ND	ND	12000	ИD	ND	ND
Oxygenated C-7	ND	ND	ND	9900	ND	ND	ND
PCB-5 Chlorines	ND	ND	ND	60000	ND	ND	ИD
PCB-7 Chlorines	ND	ND	ND	120000	ND	ND	ИD
PCB-8 Chlorines	ND	ND	ND	43000	ND	ND	ИD
PCB-8 Chlorines	ND	ND	ND	21000	ND	ND	ND
C9-10 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	ND	59000	146500	ND
C9-10 Alkane	dN	ND	ND	ND	ND	108500	ND
C10-11 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	ND	160000	ND	ND
Xylene	ND	ИD	ND	ND	33000	ND	ND
C-19 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	ND	90000	ND	ND
Hexachlorobiphenyl	ND	ND	ND	ND	250000	48400	23000
C-6 Ketone	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	279500	ND
C-7 Alcohol	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	304000	ND
C-6-7 Ketone	ND	ND	ND	מא	ND	45000	ND
Hexachlorobiphenyl	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	17000
	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	57000
Hexachlorobiphenyl	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	64000
Heptachlorobiphenyl Heptachlorobiphenyl	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	27000

All tentatively identified semi-volatile organics are reported less than detection limit. None detected.

ND-

TABLE F-5 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-D (IN DRAINAGEWAY SOUTH OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2025 0-1	2026 1-2	2027 2-3	2028 3-4	2029 4-5	2030 5-6	2031 6-7
PARAMETER mg/kg*							
Aluminum, Total	6510	7270	11900	6160	8880	8610	6470
Antimony, Total	<1.95(1,2)	<1.94(1)	<1.98(1)	<1.97(1)	<1.99(1)	<1.77(1)	<1.98(1)
Arsenic, Total	6.22	6.86	4.95	9.16	5.81	2.92	3.43
Barium, Total	103	138	103	254	177	121	114
Beryllium, Total	0.439	0.621	0.425	0.956	0.499	0.470	0.456
Cadmium, Total	1.80(1)	1.00(1)	1.91(1)	1.63(1)	1.63(1)	2.48(1)	0.614(1)
Calcium, Total	24,900	1760	2910	1390	2560	952	1130
Chromium, Total	10.6(1)	8.58(1)	13.6(1)	20.8(1)	11.8(1)	8.27(1)	7.86(1)
Cobalt, Total	5.27	6.89	5.24	21.5	9.17	5.94	2.87
Copper, Total	13.4	6.21	12.5	5.52	10.4	5.59	9.22
iron, Total	11300	12400(1)	19100	27000	19400	10900	6430
Lead, Total	66	16	19	44	26	11	7.9
Magnesium, Total	2260	719	216	813	1790	1100	1160
Manganese, Total	680	1030	351	3230	1410	562	264
Mercury, Total	<0.05	<0.05	0.051	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Nickel, Total	8.85	6.50	10.7	10.7	10.1	7.31	8.20
Potassium, Total	1100	1500	1900(2)	840	720	590	400(2)
PCBs, Total	4	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1016	<1	· <1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1221	<1	<1	<1	<1	< 1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1242	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1248	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1254	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1260	1 4 ;	. <1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Selenium, Total	<1.00(1,2)	<0.98(1,2)	<1.00(1)	<0.99(1)	<1.00(1)	< 0.96(1)	<0.98(1)
Silver, Total	<2.93	<2.91	6.30	<2.96	<2.99	<2.66	<2.97
Sodium, Total	115	57.3	193	109	174	163	161
Solids, Total	82.5%	85.2%	81.8%	83.0%	82.6%	83.6%	86.0%
Thallium, Total	<0.73	<0.73	< 0.74	< 0.74	<0.75	< 0.67	< 0.74
Tin, Total	<98.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium, Total	19.7	22.6	25.3	48.0	27.6	19.3	12.9
Zinc, Total	143	22.2	50	32.1	33.5	19.1	26.7

⁽¹⁾ Spike recovery not within control limit. (2, /ere matrix interference.

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TABLE F-5 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC DRPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING SB-D (IN DRAINAGEWAY SOUTH OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2025 0-1	2026 1-2	2027 2-3	2028 3-4	2029 4-5	2030 5-6	2031 6-7
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg		-			-		
Acetone	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	13	16
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
UNKNOWN/ TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS Estimated Concentrations (ug/kg)	,					·,	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown	810** 950** 540 510 950 2100	720** 930** 680 1300 390 ND	620** 770** ND ND ND ND	660** ND ND ND ND ND ND	680** 610** ND ND ND ND	730** 310 ND ND ND ND ND ND	750** ND ND ND ND ND

^{** -} Detected in Laboratory Blank.

ND - Not detected.

TABLE F-6 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-A (NORTH OF FACILITY)

	SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2004* 0-1.5	2005 4.5-6.0	2006 9.0-10.5	2007 13.5-15	2008* 18-20
	PARAMETERS mg/kg*	0 1.0	4.5 0.0	3.0 10.3	13.3-13	18-20
	TARAMETERS IIIS AS A					
	Aluminum, Total	784	4810	4110	931	764
	Antimony, Total	<1.95(1)	<1.99(1)	<1.97(1)	<1.87(1)	<1.98(1)
	Arsenic, Total	1.15(1)	2.35(1)	3.15(1)	1.13(1)	1.88(1)
	Barium, Total	6.74	88.5	46.1	6.97	8.80
	Beryllium, Total	<0.098(1)	<0.100(1)	0.217(1)	<0.093(1)	<0.099(1)
	Cadmium, Total	0.322(1)	0.667(1)	0.709	0.719(1)	0.653(1)
	Calcium, Total	2240	1300	5040	2530	31500
	Chromium, Total	3.00(1)	8.05(1)	14.4	2.59	2.47(1)
.	Cobalt, Total	<1.95	<1.99	2.17	<1.87	1.98
	Copper, Total	3.75	4.59	9.49	4.31	4.36
'	Iron, Total	5120	3600	5970	3830	2470
.	Lead, Total	<5.0	7.0	7.9	<5.0	11
	Magnesium, Total	1030	722	851	1020	8780
	Manganese, Total	138	24.4	42.4	133	153
1	Mercury, Total	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
	Nickel, Total	3.17(1)	5.86(1)	6.27(1)	2.89(1)	3.55(1)
	Potassium, Total	300	750(2)	810	730	300
1	PCBs, Total	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Aroclor, 1016	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Aroclor, 1221	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
'	Aroclor, 1242	<5	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Aroclor, 1248	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Aroclor, 1254	< 1	<1	<1	<1	<1
l	Aroclor, 1260	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
	Selenium, Total	<0.391(1)	<0.398(1)	<0.394(1)	<0.373(1)	<0.396(1)
1	Silver, Total	<2.93(1)	<2.99(1)	<2.96(1)	<2.00(1)	32.4(1)
	Sodium, Total	430	209	112	39.2	51.4
	Solids, Total	86.4%	90.8%	89.2%	90.4%	82.5%
. 1	Thallium, Total	<0.97	<1.00	<0.96	<0.93	<0.88
H	Vanadium, Total	2.83(1)	12.3(1)	18.1(1)	3.55(1)	2.97(1)
	Zine, Total	13.5(1)	10.5(1)	43.9(1)	14.3(1)	29.0(1)
:	VOLATILE COMPOUNDS	-				
	ug/kg	,	-			
	- -	-	J · · · · · · · ·	1	1	}
	Acetone	<10	67	2500	120	200

^{* -} Split sample with IEPA representative.
(1) Spike recovery not within control limit.

⁽²⁾ Severe matrix interference.

^{*} Dry weight basis.

TABLE F-6 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-A (NORTH OF FACILITY)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2004* 0-1.5	2005 4.5-6.0	2006 9.0-10.5	2007 13.5-15	2008* 18-20
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED VOLATILE COMPOUNDS Estimated Concentrations (ug/kg) 2-Propanol	ИД	ИД	290	22	11
SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED ORGANIC SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS Estimated Concentrations (ug/kg)					
Unknown	ND	640	520	590	640

^{* -} Split sample with IEPA representative. ND - Not Detected.

TABLE F-7 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-B (NORTHWEST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2014 0-1.5	2015 4.5-6	2016 9-10.5	2017 13.5-15
PARAMETER mg/kg				
Aluminum, Total	7366	4510	1874	938
Antimony, Total	<0.23	<0.22	<0.24	< 0.22
Arsenic, Total	6.4	18	3.0	<0.89
Barium, Total	55	18	<19	<18
Beryllium, Total	0.64	0.72	0.38	< 0.4
Cadmium, Total	0.55	0.90	<0.38	< 0.36
Calcium, Total	-	-	-	-
Chromium, Total	14	9.0	5.7	4.5
Cobalt, Total	7.4	5.4	<2.8	<2.7
Copper, Total	13	7.2	<0.9	<0.8
Iron, Total	10128	13529	1998	3662
Lead, Total	16	8.2	4.2	2.9
Magnesium, Total	-	-	-	-
Manganese, Total	253	78	34	143
Mercury, Total	<0.08	<0.09	< 0.07	<0.07
Nickel, Total	6.4	9.0	1.9	1.8
Potassium, Total	-	-	-	-
PCBs, Total Detectable (ug/kg)	750	710	210	1200
Aroclor, 1016	<240	<290	<210	<370
Aroclor, 1221	<240	<290	<210	<370
Aroclor, 1242	<240	<290	<210	<370
Aroclor, 1232	[180]	[190]	[120]	[190]
Aroclor, 1248	<240	<290	<210	<370
Aroclor, 1254	<240	<290	<210	<370
Aroclor, 1260	750	710	210	1200
Selenium, Total	< 0.46	<0.45	<0.48	< 0.45
Silver, Total	<0.37	<0.36	<0.38	<0.36
Sodium, Total	_	-	-	-
Thallium, Total	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	<0.20
Vanadium, Total	25	22	8.6	6.8
Zine, Total	57	23	22	13

^{[] -} Value reported less than detection limit.

TABLE F-7 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-B (NORTHWEST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2014 0-1.5	2015 4.5-6	2016 9-10.5	2017 13.5-15
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg				
Methylene Chloride	3800**	2400	4000**	4500**
Acetone	2500**	4200	2400**	5800**
Chloroform	500**	[460]	570**	880**
Toluene	1600**	1400	2000**	2300**
Total Xylenes	480**	510	600**	2800**
2-Butanone	<950	6000	11000	<1000
Benzene	<480	[240]	[450]	570**
Ethylbenzene	<480	[180]	[170]	530**
1,1-Dichloroethene	<480	<500	[280]	[170]
Trichloroethene	<480	<500	[230]	[310]
Chlorobenzene	<480	<500	[200]	[350]
Bromomethane	<950	<1000	<1000	[140]
Vinyl Chloride	<950	<1000	<1000	[48]
Chloroethane	<950	<1000	<1000	[150]
arbon Disulfide	<480	<500	<500	[380]
_,1-Dichloroethane	<480	<500	<500	[220]
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<480	<500	<500	[200]
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<480	<500	<500	[230]
1,2-Dichloropropane	<480	<500	<500	[260]
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<480	<500	<500	[290]
Tetrachloroethene	<480	<500	<500	[370]
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<950	<1000	<1000	[220]
Styrene	<480	<500	<500	600

Compound detected in lab blank. Value reported less than detection limit.

TABLE F-7 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-B (NORTHWEST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D.	2014	2015	2016	2017
DEPTH INTERVAL	0-1.5	4.5-6	9-10. 5	13.5-15
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED VOLATILE ORGANICS ug/kg*			·	
Dimethyl Benzene Hexane Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Methyl Acetate 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluro Ethane	2100 3760 5440 10375 38430 1560 ND ND	ND ND 550 3400 150 2290 3250 1160 ND	ND 3150 6430 5420 655 730 ND 2560 1170	ND 3880 5570 850 5380 ND ND ND ND
SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg Di-N-Butylphthalate Bis(2-Ethyl Hexyl)Phthalate	2400	2100	[230]	1500
	<330	<330	390	<330

ND - Compound not detected.

Value reported less than detection limit.

* - All tentatively identified volatile organics are reported less than detection limit.

TABLE F-7 (continued VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-B (NORTHWEST CORNER OF SITE)

	KINWESI COKN	ER OF BILL)		
SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2014 0-1.5	2015 4.5-6	2016 9-10.5	2017 13.5-15
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED SEMI-				
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg*				
C-6 Alkane	8030	מא	ND	ИD
Oxygenated C-7	1150000	12670	ND	ND
C-9 Alkane	21100	34670	5400	15400
C-9 Alkane	26770	ND	ИD	6200
Benzenedicechoxylic Acid Derv.	3570	ND	ND	ND
Alkane Hydrocarbon	1000	ND	ND	ND
Unknown Hydrocarbon	1000	סא	13700	5750
Methyl Subs Hexane	1730	DИ	ND	ИD
Oxygenated C-10	1050	ND	ND	ND
Unknown	36800	16900	ND	18600
Unknown	21450	20950	ND	ND
Unknown	19450	3020	ND	ND
Unknown	18000	33100	ND	ND
Unknown	1900	1307000	ND	ND
Unknown	21100	86450	ND	ИD
Unknown	2080	9800	ND	מא
Unknown	1520	680	ND	ND
Unknown	2000	1800	ND	ND
Unknown	1500	1200	ND	מא
Unknown	2800	ИD	ND	ND
Oxygenated C-6	ND	41100	ND	ND
C-10 Alkane	ИD	28950	1800	ND
C-10 Alkane	ND	550	ND	ND
C-10 Alkane	ND -	650	ND	ND

ND - Compound not detected.

* - All tentatively identified semi-volatile organics are reported less than detection limit.

TABLE F-7 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-B (NORTHWEST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D.	2014	2015	2016	2017
DEPTH INTERVAL	0-1.5	4. 5-6	9-10.5	13.5-15
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED SEMI- VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg*				
C-4 Alkane Containing 02+N2 Chlorinated C4 Alkane Propanoic Acid Derv. Benzenedicarboxylic Acid Derv. C6-8 Ketone Unknown Hydrocarbon C6-7 Ketone C7 Ketone Unknown Alkane C8-9 Alkane Unknown Hydrocarbon Unknown Phthalate Unknown Hydrocarbon Unknown Hydrocarbon Unknown Hydrocarbon Unknown Hydrocarbon Unknown Hydrocarbon C10+Hydrocarbon C6 Ketone C9-10 Alkane	ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	1800 5050 26950 2970 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND 1210 457000 1770 860 960 1280 1190 31100 4120 7830 1320 1430 1570 6880 ND	ND ND ND ND 56600 ND 24200 ND 3020 2400 1400 1200 1600 1100 ND
C9 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	51000
C9 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	55700
C9-10 Alkane	ND	ND	ND	46700
Unknown Hydrocarbon	ND	ND	ND	1510
Unknown Hydrocarbon	ND	ND	ND	1850
Unknown Hydrocarbon	ND	ND	ND	3300

ND - Compound not detected.

^{*-} All tentatively identified semi-volatile organics are reported less than detection limit.

TABLE F-8 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-C (NORTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

(NORTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)							
SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2009 0-1.5	2010 6-7.5	2011 9-10.5	2012 12-13.5	2013D 12-13.5		
PARAMETER mg/kg*							
Aluminum, Total Antimony, Total Arsenic, Total Barium, Total Beryllium, Total Cadmium, Total Calcium, Total Chromium, Total Cobalt, Total Copper, Total Iron, Total Lead, Total Magnesium, Total Marcury, Total Mercury, Total Nickel, Total Potassium, Total PCBs, Total Detectable Aroclor, 121 Aroclor, 1221 Aroclor, 1242 Aroclor, 1254 Aroclor, 1260 Selenium, Total Solids, Total Thallium, Total Tin, Total Vanadium, Total	13800	839	<2.95 45 91.6% <0.74 <99.5 5.70	806 <1.99(1) 2.60 5.68 0.139 0.328(1) 36100 3.05(1) <1.99 3.28 1740 10 8330 121 <0.05 3.85 530 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1 <1	1440		
Zinc, Total VOLATILE COMPOUNDS	57.6(2)	44.7	20.2	11.8	18.1		
μg/kg				·	-		
Methylene Chloride Acetone	7 11	<5 10	<5 32	<5 <10	5 120		
UNKNOWN/TENTATIVE- LY IDENTIFIED VOLATILE COMPOUNDS µg/kg	ND	ND	ND	ИД	ND		
SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANICS µg/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		

ND - None detected.

Dry weight basis.

Spike recovery not within control limit Duplicate not within control limit (1)

(2)

Severe matrix interference (3)

^{** -} Detected in laboratory blank.

TABLE F-8 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-C

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-C (NORTHEAST CORNER OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D.	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013D
DEPTH INTERVAL	0-1.5	6-7.5	9-10.5	12-13.5	12-13.5
UNKNOWN/ TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED SEMI- VOLATILE COMPOUNDS Est. Concentrations (µg/kg) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Unknown Unknown	1000**	950**	760**	530**	760 **
	540**	580**	640**	ND	730 **
	ND	540**	ND	ND	ND

ND - None detected.

^{** -} Detected in laboratory blank.

TABLE F-9 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-D (SOUTH OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D. DEPTH INTERVAL	2032 0-1.5	2033 4.5-6	2034 9-10.5	2035 12-13.5
PARAMETER mg/kg ★				विक्री करण केरले विक्री संविद्य करण संवृत् करण हुन
Aluminum, Total	7900	12900	3030	2710
Antimony, Total	<1.84(1)	<1.95(1)	<1.97(1)	<1.94(1)
Arsenic, Total	8.08	7.58	2.79	0.96
Barium, Total	102	209	18.1	22.0
Beryllium, Total	0.404	0.498	0.197	0.126
Cadmium, Total	1.39	2.44	1.11	0.330
Calcium, Total	2500	2220	1970	19300
Chromium, Total	9.18	7.91	5.78	4.38
Cobalt, Total	5.88	<1.95	2.17	<1.94
Copper, Total	2.48	3.52	5.87	4.26
Iron, Total	13300	12600	20500	4300
Lead, Total	12	13	11	8.7
Magnesium, Total	1320	2410	11600	6790
Manganese, Total	405	57.3	144	110
Mercury, Total	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Nickel, Total	10.1	15.1	7.42	6.14
Potassium, Total	620(1)(3)	1000(1)	810(1)	420(1)
Selenium, Total	<0.37	< 0.39	<0.39(3)	<0.39
PCBs, Total	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1016	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1221	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1242	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1248	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1254	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aroclor, 1260	<1	<1	<1	<1
Silver, Total	<2.75(1)	<2.93(1)	5.56(1)	4.10(1)
Sodium, Total	321	215	90.7	83.5
Solids, Total	82.5%	82.0%	80.6%	81.1%
Thallium, Total	< 0.69	<0.73	<0.74	<0.73
Vanadium, Total	19.8	18.1	- 11.5	5.83
Zinc, Total	36.5(1)	36.1(1)	29.3(1)	21.1(1)
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg				
Acetone	11	<10	<10	<10
UNKNOWN/TENTATIVELY				
IDENTIFIED VOLATILE	1			
COMPOUNDS ug/kg	מא	ND	ND	ND
SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND

Spike recovery not within control limit.
 Duplicate not within control limit.
 Severe matrix interference.

ND - Not detected.

** - Appeared in laboratory blank.

★ - Dry weight basis.

TABLE F-9 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SOIL BORING FOR MONITOR WELL MW-D (SOUTH OF SITE)

SAMPLE I.D.	2032	2033	2034	2035
DEPTH INTERVAL	0-1.5	4.5-6	9-10.5	12-13.5
UNKNOWN/ TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS Est. Concentrations (µg/kg)	·			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	400 **	410 **	610 **	480 **
Unknown	400	530	420	820
Unknown	1600 **	900 **	650 **	1100 **
Unknown	ND	410 **	ND	ND

ND - Not detected.

^{** -} Appeared in laboratory blank.

TABLE F-10 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS PCB SURFACE WIPE SAMPLES CONCRETE SLAB

SAMPLE I.D. LOCATION	1000 COOLING RACK WS-1	1001 SW CORNER PAD WS-2	1002 W SIDE BACK PAD WS-3	1003 E SIDE BACK PAD WS-4	1004 TANK AREA WS-5	2003* SEDIMENT ON PAD SB-9
PARAMETER ug/100 cm ²						
Aroclor 1016 Aroclor 1221	<1 <1	<1	<100	<100	<100	<5
Aroclor 1242	<1 <1	<1 <1	<100 <100	<100 <100	<100	< 5
Aroclor 1248	1	i	<100	<100	<100 <100	<5 50
Aroclor 1254	<1	<1	<100	<100	<100	5
\roclor 1260	1	12	5280	4750	3670	124

^{*}Sample #2003 was collected as a sediment sample, as the designated wipe location was disintegrated concrete, units of measure mg/kg.

TABLE F-11 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

SAMPLE I.D.	3000	3001	3002	3003
MONITORING WELL	MW-D	MW-C	MW-A	MW-B
DATE	5/13/87	5/13/87	5/13/87	5/13/87
PARAMETER mg/l				
PARAMETER IIIg/1	·			
Aluminum, Total	0.222	0.070	0.115	0.111
Antimony, Total	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020
Arsenic, Total	<0.004	<0.004	< 0.004	<0.004
Barium, Total	0.069	<0.050	<0.050	<0.050
Beryllium, Total	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Cadmium, Total	0.041	0.010	0.013	<0.003
Calcium, Total	90.1	85.6	85.7 /	78.2
Chromium, Total	<0.020	<0.020	< 0.020	<0.020
Cobalt, Total	<0.020	<0.020	< 0.020	<0.020
Copper, Total	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020
Iron, Total	1.40	0.387	0.421	0.567
Lead, Total	0.07	0.05	0.07	0.05
Magnesium, Total	30.2	30.6	27.6	23.0
Manganese, Total	0.018	0.018	0.014	0.032
Mercury, Total	<0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
Nickel, Total	0.023	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020
PCBs, Total	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor 1016	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Aroclor 1221	<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Aroclor 1242	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Aroclor 1248	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Aroclor 1254	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Aroclor 1260	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Potassium, Total	2.4	2.8	2.8	2.1
Selenium, Total	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004
Silver, Total	<0.030	<0.030	<0.030	<0.030
Sodium, Total	27.1	47.4	29.3	19.1
Thallium, Total	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010
Tin, Total	1.50	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00
Vanadium, Total	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010
Zinc, Total	0.129	0.030	0.062	0.038
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/l				
				10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<5	<5	<5	10
SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS	ND.	ND	ND	ND .
ug/l		1 + 1		

ND- None detected.

TABLE F-11 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

SAMPLE I.D. MONITORING WELL DAȚE	3000 MW-D 5/13/87	3001 MW-C 5/13/87	3002 MW-A 5/13/87	3003 MW-B 5/13/87
UNKNOWN/TENATIVELY IDENTIFIED SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS Est. Concentrations (µg/l)				
Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown	13 64** 20** 13**	3.8 81** 20** 24**	9.9 47** 14** 9**	6.7 29** 17** 13**

ND - None detected.

^{** -} Detected in lab blank.

TABLE F-12 VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT SAMPLING/ANALYTICAL RESULTS DECONTAMINATION RINSATE

CICAL RESU	JLTS		
MCAI. PRSI	JLT S		
SSESSMEN'	T		
CORPORA			
7-12			

SAMPLE I.D.	3004	3005	3006	3007	3008	3009	3010
DRUM #	1	2	3	8	5	9	10
DATE	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87
PARAMETER mg/l				e.			
Aluminum, Total	0.388	0.099	0.045	0.217	0.067	<0.030	<0.030
Antimony, Total	< 0.020	<0.020	<0.020	0.063	< 0.020	<0.020	0.034
Arsenic, Total	< 0.004	<0.004	<0.010(3)	<0.010(3)	<0.010(3)	< 0.004	<0.010(3)
Barium, Total	< 0.050	< 0.050	<0.050	< 0.050	< 0.050	<0.050	< 0.050
Beryllium, Total	<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Cadmium, Total	0.007	0.065	0.006	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.005
Calcium, Total	□ 60.3	12.8	14.3	45.9	39.5	43.0	18.6
Chromium, Total	0.063	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	0.021	< 0.020
Cobalt, Total	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020
Copper, Total	0.027	0.040	<0.020	0.028	0.030	<0.020	<0.020
Iron, Total	< 0.030	0.304	0.526	0.626	1.17	0.064	0.186
Lead, Total	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.05	0.05
Magnesium, Total	<0.200	4.19	18.7	12.7	25.4	0.300	17.3
Manganese, Total	<0.010	<0.010	0.088	0.108	0.155	< 0.010	0.115
Mercury, Total	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
Nickel, Total	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020
PCBs, Total Detectable	0.002	0.027	<0.001	0.227	<0.001	<0.001	0.342
Aroclor 1016	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1
Aroclor 1221	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1
Aroclor 1242	0.001	0.013	<0.001	0.148	<0.001	<0.001	0.124
Aroclor 1248	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1
Aroclor 1254	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	<0.1
Aroclor 1260	0.001	0.014	<0.001	0.079	<0.001	<0.001	0.218
Potassium, Total	25	15	22	16	16	23	5.6
Selenium, Total	< 0.004	< 0.004	<0.010(3)	<0.010(3)	<0.010(3)	<0.004	<0.010(3)
Silver, Total	< 0.030	< 0.030	< 0.030	<0.030	< 0.030	<0.030	< 0.030
Sodium, Total	163	603	508	869	800	118.2	506
Thallium, Total	< 0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010
Tin, Total	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00
Vanadium, Total	0.016	0.045	<0.010	0.034	0.010	0.013	0.017
Zinc, Total	0.014	0.227	0.434	1.94	4.23	0.042	0.784

³⁾ Severe matrix interference.

TABLE F- continued) VANTRAN ELECT ... C CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT SAMPLING/ANALYTICAL RESULTS DECONTAMINATION RINSATE

SAMPLE I.D. DRUM # DATE	3004 1 5/14/87	3005 2 5/14/87	3006 3 5/14/87	3007 8 5/14/87	3008 5 5/14/87	3009 9 5/14/87	3010 10 5/14/87
UNKNOWN/TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS Est. Concentrations (µg/1)							í
Trichlorobenzene	· · -	~	_	46	-	- .	-
Tetrachloro Benzene	-	~	-	51	-	-	_
Trichloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	-		(-	28	_	~	
Trichloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	[- i	-	-	30	_	_	
Pentachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	-	-	-	43	_	-	
Pentachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	- '	-	<u> </u>	41	-	-	250
Hexachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	-	~] -	53	-	-	230
Hexachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	-	-	-	65	_	_	
Aroclor 1254	-	-	-	23	-		
Aroclor 1254	-	- `	-	27	-	_	
Aroclor 1254	-	~	-	44	-	-	1
Hexachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	-	_	-	49	-		250
Heptachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	/	-	-	21	-	-	180
Heptachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	-	-	-	20		-	180
Octachloro-1,1'-Biphenyl	- 1	-	-	18		_	
Propyloctyl Benzene		-	-	-	8	-	
Pentyl Heptyl Benzene	_	-	-	_	7.9	_	
Butyloctyl Benzene	- }	-	-	-	12	-	_
Butyl Nonyl Benzene	- '	-	-	-	8.5	5.9	1000
Unknown	_	-	-	-	_	7.1	200
Unknown	-	-		-	-	8.0	160
Unknown	- 1	-	-	-	-	0.0	590
	-	-	-	-	-	_	310
Unknown		· -	-	-	-		210
Unknown		_	. -	-	-		310
Unknown	_ I	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	_	200
Unknown] - [-	-	-	-	_	180
Unknown	- !	- .	-	-	-	_	560
Unknown		-	-	-	~ .	-	250
Octamethyl-Cyclotetrasiloxane		_	-	-	~	-	160
Decamethyl-Cyclopentasiloxane Dodecamethyl-Cyclohexasiloxane	l - l	-	-	-	-		100

TABLE F-12 (continued) VANTRAN ELECTRIC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMEN SAMPLING/ANALYTICAL RESULTS DECONTAMINATION RINSATE

SAMPLE I.D.	3004	3005	3006	3007	3008	3009	3010
DRUM #	1	2	3	8	5	9	10
DATE	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87	5/14/87
VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/l Acetone Toluene Chlorobenzene	2000	12000	22000	490	47000	<1000	1900
	1000	<500	<500	<25	<250	<500	98
	<500	<500	<500	<25	<250	<500	78
UNKNOWN/TENATIVELY IDENTIFIED VOLATILE COMPOUNDS Est. Concentrations (µg/l) 2-Propanol 2-Butoxyethanol	23000	1900	9600	ND	12000	43000	ND
	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	150
SEMI-VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ug/l				ND	ND	ND	100
Phenol Benzyl Alcohol Naphthalene N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) Benzoic Acid Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene Butyl Benzyl Phthalate Di-N-Butyl Phthalate	18 [5.3] [9.1] [4.6] <50 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10	<10 12 [4] <10 [23] 50 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10	<10 <10 <10 <10 <50 27 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10	<10 <10 <10 <10 [4] <50 10 [4] 76 [4] 41 [9] <10	<10 [3] <10 [3] <50 17 <10 <10 <10 <10 [4]	<10 <10 <10 <10 <50 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <1	<10 <10 <10 <10 <10 <50 <10 [8.7] 160 [7.0] 46 <10 <10

ND - None detected.

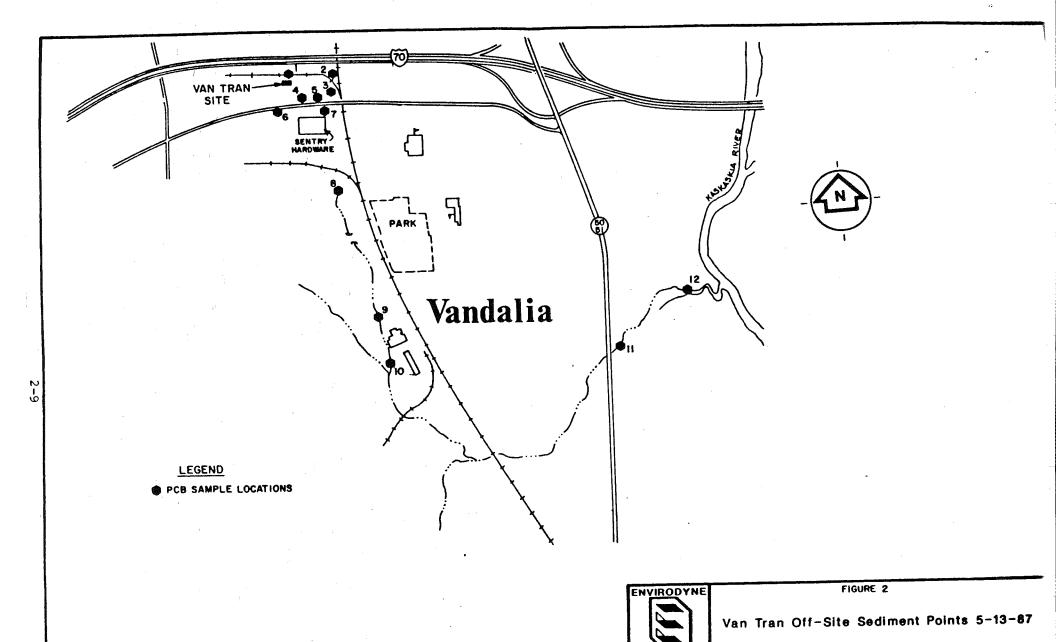
^{[] -} Estimated value less than detection limit.

TABLE F- continued) VANTRAN ELECTATC CORPORATION PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT SAMPLING/ANALYTICAL RESULTS DECONTAMINATION RINSATE

SAMPLE I.D. DRUM # DATE	3004 1 5/14/87	3005 2 5/14/87	3006 3 5/14/87	3007 8 5/14/87	3008 5 5/14/87	3009 9 5/14/87	3010 10 5/14/87
UNKNOWN/TENTATIVELY	:						
IDENTIFIED SEMI-VOLATILE						1	
COMPOUNDS							
Est. Concentrations (µg/l)	5.8	-	-	-	-	_	_
	66	-	-	-	_]	-
Ethyl Benzene	35	_	-	_]		-
Xylene	8.9	_	-	-	_	_	_
Xylene	5.3	-	-	_	_	_	-
2-Butoxyl Ethanol	42	18	-			_	_
Ethyl Methyl Benzene	11	-	19	_	11	30	-
Trimethyl Benzene	6.7	27	. 19		1 11	-	_
Trimethyl Benzene	7.5	-	_	_		_	_
2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol	7.7	_	-	_	1	_	_
Methyl (Methyl Ethyl) Benzene	27	-	-] _		_
Unknown Benzene	16	-	22		14	_	_
2-Ethyl Hexanoic Acid	18	16	22		1		_
2-(2-Butoxy Ethoxy)-Ethanol	8.3	-	_				
Benzothiazole				_	_		_
4-Hydroxy-3-Methoxy-	8.4	-	23		_	_	_
Benzaldehyde	7.8	1		31**	8	84**	530
Dodecanoic Acid	33**	63	8.5	51**	60	7.3	370
Hexadecanoic Acid	6.9	46	54** 72**	31	8.6	42**	1200
Unknown	20**	49**	15**		35	5.5**	470
Unknown	12**	74**	19	1 -	-	-	_
Unknown	-	31	_	_	_	-	_
Unknown	-	25	_	_	_	_	-
Dimethyl Benzene	_	28	16	34	14	-	. <u>-</u>
Decane	_	21	10		9.1	- 1	-
Undecane	-	15	15	_	13	-	
Methyl Decyl Benzene	-	18	24	42	24	l I	-
Propyl Nonyl Benzene	-	43	24	-	-	-	-
Ethyl Decyl Benzene	_	16		_	_		-
Methyl Undecyl Benzene	-	15	_	_	7.7	4.6	690
Ethylundecyl Benzene		15**	_	_	-	4.3	610
Methyl Dodecyl Benzene	.	26	_		l		
Unknown						[
Unknown	1		Ç	4	•	•	

APPENDIX B

ENVIRODYNE ENGINEERS, INC., SEDIMENT SAMPLE ANALYTICAL DATA



minimum of five well casing volumes. A surging action was used to free settled sediments and loosen fines from the sand pack. All wells cleared substantially after 5-10 volumes were removed.

The liquid and sediments removed from the development of the monitor wells were collected and contained in a 55-gallon drum. This drum was stored for later disposal.

2.5 Ground Water Sample Collection

The four monitor wells were sampled by Baker/TSA on May 13, 1987, with oversite by EEI and IEPA personnel. This was approximately 2-1/2 weeks after completion of well development. A teflon bailer was used to purge and sample each well. Wells were purged of at least five well casing volumes prior to sampling. Purge water was collected and contained in a 55-gallon drum. Samples were placed in bottles provided by Gulf Coast Labs for analysis by GCL. No splits were collected by the IEPA/EEI representatives. Sample filtering and presevation was carried out immediately following collection in the Van Tran temporary office. Field measurements, including temperature, pH, and electrical conductance were measured at this time. A summary of these measurements and other well characteristics is given in Table 1.

Samples were placed in coolers and iced down after sealing each bottle with Custody seals. The cooler was then sealed and picked up by Federal Express that day for shipment to GCL for analysis. The IEPA/EEI representatives signed as witness to the custody sheets.

2.6 Sediment Sampling

Twelve sets of off-site sediment samples were collected from Town Branch Creek by EEI and IEPA personnel on May 13, 1987. Sampling locations are shown on Figure 2. These samplies were analyzed for PCBs.

All samples were obtained from areas of sediment deposition. Each sample was a composite of 3 to 5 subsamples taken within a 10 foot stream reach at each sample site. All but sample No. 4 were obtained with stainless steel spoons. No. 4 was obtained with a stainless steel soil probe. Subsamples were placed in stainless steel pans and field composited with stainless steel spatulas at each site. They were placed in 32 ounce, pre-cleaned glass containers supplied through the IEPA CLP. Sites were sampled in the order 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 1, 7, 6, 3, 2, 4, 5. Descriptions of the sites and activities follow:

- Site 1. Drainage ditch along RR tracks to N of site. Light brown medium sand. Dry.
- Site 2. Roadside drainage ditch to NE of site. Light brown sandy silt. Dry.
- Site 3. Drainage ditch below confluence of streams from sites 1 and 2. Light brown sandy silt. Dry.
- Site 4. Drainage ditch from east side of site along south side of Ray's Excavating. Light brown silt. Dry. Compacted; obtained with soil probe.

- Site 5. Deposition area below confluence of 3, 4. Brown silt. Ponded water.
- Site 6. Drainage ditch from west side of site to south of Van Tran Avenue. Light brown silt. Dry. Obtained from mouths of culverts under Van Tran Avenue and entry road to Purina.
- Site 7. Ponded deposition area below confluence of streams from sites 5 and 6. Brown silt.
- Site 8. Large alluvial fan, approximately 200 yards to north of City Park. Brown silt. Stream flowing at this point.
- <u>site 9.</u> Central part of City Park. Three distinctly different groups of sediments in this area (1) brown sand with intermixed detritus in central channel, (2) brown silt on top 1 to 1-1/2" with layer of dark brown organic muck on "outsides" of meanders, bluish-gray clay with 1/4 to 1/2" of brown silt on top to "insides" of meanders. Attempted to obtain equal aliquots of each.
- Site 10. South end of City Park immediately upstream from confluence of Town Branch and a residential drainage stream from the west. Brown silt.
- Site 11. Immediately downstream (east) of Highway 51. Brown clayey silt.
- Site 12. Approximately 100 yards to west of confluence of Town Branch and Kaskaskia River, to inside (deposition side) of meander. Bluish-gray clayey silt with conspicuous iron nodules and septic odor.

Packing and shipment of samples were carried out as described for the groundwater samples in Section 2.5.

2.7 Sample Identification Summary

Each sample collected by Baker/TSA during this site investigation was assigned a number in the following procedure. Samples 1000 thru 1004 were PCB wipe samples. Samples labelled 2000 through 2003 were surficial soil samples, and 2004 through 2053 were soil boring samples. Samples 3000 thru 3003 were ground water samples from wells MW-A, B, C and D. Samples 3004 through 3010 were from decontamination liquid in drums. The samples labelled 1 thru 12 were collected from off-site drainage locations by EEI and analyzed only for PCBs. Table 2 lists these samples in summary form.

2.8 Decontamination Procedures

All equipment (augers, split spoons, samplers, drill rods, etc.) which came in contact with the borehole was thoroughly steamed cleaned and solvent rinsed between borings. Water used during the installation and decontamination phases of this task was from the approved source.

The rinsing sequence was as follows: gross removal of cutting from tools into drums, steam cleaning of tools over a portable steel pond, rinsing with acetone, and a final steam cleaning with the approved water. All water used in the rinsing and steam cleaning was contained and stored on-site in a designated area in sealed DOT 17H/55-gallon drums.

concentration was seen for the library search compounds, including trichlorinated biphenyls, trimethyl benzenes, unknown hydrocarbons, and xylenes. PCBs were detected in this boring at levels of 72 mg/kg at the surface, gradually decreasing to 15 mg/kg at 5 feet.

Boring B (2045-2053) was found to display a similar contamination pattern as seen in Boring A. The same contaminants were detected, including 2-butanone (92 ug/kg), toluene (31 ug/kg), ethylbenzene (0.34 ug/kg), xylenes (2.6 ug/kg), but in lower concentrations. These compounds were concentrated in the 5.0-8.0 foot interval, but also found as shallow as 2.0 feet, and as deep as 11.0 feet. PCBs were detected in this boring to 8 feet. Levels were concentrated in the 1.0-5.0 foot zone with concentrations of 69 mg/kg at 1-2 feet (2046) to 30 mg/kg in the 2-5 foot zone (2047). Semivolatile library search compounds were concentrated in the 5.0 to 8.0 foot interval.

Boring C was drilled in the drainage swale at the southeast corner of the Van Tran property. It was sampled to a depth of one-foot above the estimated water table, which came to 7.0 feet below ground level. The boring was split into one-foot increments for sampling (2018-2024). Low levels of benzene, ethyl benzene, xylenes, toluene, and 1,1-dichloroethane were detected throughout the boring depth. There was no discernible decrease in concentration through depth, and concentrations of these contaminants ranged from less than 1 ug/kg to 5 ug/kg. PCB contamination at this site was significant. Very high levels of PCB-1242 and -1260 were detected from the surface to the last interval sampled (6.0-7.0'). Concentrations of PCB-1260 ranged from The concentra-2000 to 100 mg/kg, with no discernible variation in depth. tions were well distributed. Concentrations of PCB-1242 were generally lower and had a trend of reducing concentrations with depth. Concentrations ranged from 210 mg/kg at the peak interval of 4.0-5.0 feet (2022) to the lowest value of 10 mg/kg in the 6.0 to 7.0 foot interval (2024).

Boring D was drilled to 7.0 feet at the southwest corner of the Van Tran property. It is represented in foot sampling increments labelled 2025-2031. There were no elevated levels of analyzed parameters detected in these samples.

3.4 Off-Site Sediment Samples

Twelve sediment samples were collected from drainage ways around the Van Tran property and the extended drainage (Town Creek) followed through town to the confluence with the Kaskaskia River. Samples 1-5 represent local drainage from the Van Tran property. The remaining samples trace this drainage to the treatment plant adjacent to the Kaskaskia River. These samples were analyzed for PCBs only.

Samples 1 and 2 showed no contamination with PCBs. Sample 3 had a level of 3.6 mg/kg. This sample represented drainage from Van Tran along the north side and possible back water flooding zones during heavy rain from the southern Van Tran drainage. Sample 4 had the highest concentrations of PCBs of the off-site samples, with 230 mg/kg of PCB-1242 and 450 mg/kg of PCB-1260. Sample 4 represented an area in front of Ray's Excavating Services, approximately 500 feet east of Boring C on Van Tran's property.

Sample 5 had lower concentrations of PCB 1260 with a concentration of $5.4 \, \text{mg/kg}$. Sample 5 represented the confluece of streams sampled by points 3 and 4.

Sample 6 had a PCB-1260 concentration of 4.2 mg/kg. This point was chosen to represent drainage from Van Tran as it flows off site from the southeast corner of the property. Sample 7 had detectable concentrations of less than 1 mg/kg PCB-1260. This point represented the confluence of points 6 and 5.

Sample points 8 and 9 showed no detectable PCB concentrations. Point 10 had a concentration of less than 1 mg/kg of PCB-1260. Sample 11 had a PCB-1242 concentration of 11 mg/kg. This sample, however, had many other inputs to the sediment load between it and the previous point. Sample 12 had no detectable PCB concentration.

3.5 Groundwater Samples

The four monitor wells sampled by Baker/TSA and Van Tran were MW-A, MW-B, MW-C, and MW-D. These wells were constructed of stainless steel and installed according to IEPA specifications, and EEI observation. According to the analyses, only well MW-B, at the northwest corner of the property, showed indications of contamination. Toluene was detected in this well in a concentration of 10 ug/l. No other elevated levels were detected for any analyzed parameters.

Water levels were recorded for each well prior to sampling, as well as at previous times during the investigation. Table 3 summarizes the results of these readings in the form of water table depths and elevations. The measurements taken on 4/7, 4/24, 4/28 and 5/13 were done by Baker/TSA with EEI observing. The measurement on 7/30 was conducted by IEPA Collinsville field office personnel.

A surveyed map was not provided to EEI for well locations. Figures 4 and 5 show water table configurations based upon measurements on two different days. These included the sample collection date of 5/13/87, and two months later, July 30, 1987 by IEPA personnel. A general northeast component to groundwater flow is evident across the Van Tran property. There appear to be two minor inconsistencies to this pattern to note. A slight mounding condition may be evident near the north boundary of the plant caused by the gravel and sand glacial formation crossing the property at this point. Along the southern boundary, flow appears to reverse direction to the south. Since only two wells in this area were used to monitor flow, no conclusions can be made regarding this phenomenon. In either case, however, these measurements indicate general flow across the Van Tran site to be north by northeasterly and MW-D to be upgradient of the site.

APPENDIX C

IEPA 1995 SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL DATA

INCRGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

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Contract No.: 2357

Lab Code: ARDL Case No.: 045 SAS No.: ____ SDG No.:

X101

Matrix (soil/water) ____TCLP

Lab Sample ID:

2357-1

Level (lcw/med): LOW

Date Received:

02/01/95

% Solids:

0.0

CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	С	Q	М
7429-90-5	Aluminum			 -	NR
7440-36-0	Antimony				NR
7440-38-2	Arsenic				NR
7440-39-3	Barium				NR
7440-41-7	Beryllium				NR
7440-43-9	Cadmium	4.4	В		P
7440-70-2	Calcium				NR
7440-47-3	Chromium				NR
7440-48-4	Cobalt				NR
7440-50-8	Copper				NR
7439-89-6	Iron				NR
7439-92-1	Lead	20.0	U		P
7439-95-4	Magnesium				NR
7439-96 - 5	Manganese				NR
7439-97-6	Mercury			····	NR
7440-02-0	Nickel				NR
7440-09-7	Potassium				NR
7782-49-2	Selenium				NR
7440-22-4	Silver	-			NR
7440-23-5	Sodium				NR
7440-28-0	Thallium				NR
7440-62-2	Vanadium			وسيروطيطيني ووسيندها الخدوسة	NR
7440-66-6	Zinc	314			P
	Cyanide				NR

Color Before	: COLORLESS	Clarity Before:	CLEAR	Texture:
Color After:	COLORLESS	Clarity After:	CLEAR	Artifacts:
Comments:				<u></u>

INORGANIC AMALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

X102

Lab	Name	:	ARDL,	INC.
		•	* ~~ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	

Contract No.: 2357

Lab Code: ARDL Case No.: 045 SAS No.: ____ SDG No.:

X101

Matrix (soil/water) _____TCLP

Lab Sample ID:

2357-2

Level (low/med):

LOW

Date Received:

02/01/95

% Solids:

0.0

CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	С	Q	М
7429-90-5	Aluminum	·			NR
7440-36-0	Antimony				NR
7440-38-2	Arsenic				NR
7440-39-3	Barium				NR
7440-41-7	Beryllium				NR
7440-43-9	Cadmium	3.6	В		P
7440-70-2	Calcium				NR
7440-47-3	Chromium				NR
7440-48-4	Cobalt				NR
7440-50-8	Copper				NR
7439-89-6	Iron				NR
7439-92-1	Lead	20.0	Ū		P
7439-95-4	Magnesium				NR
7439-96-5	Manganese				NR
7439-97-6	Mercury				NR
7440-02-0	Nickel				NR
7440-09-7	Potassium				NR
7782-49-2	Selenium				NR
7440-22-4	Silver				NR
7440-23-5	Sodium				NR
7440-28-0	Thallium				NR
7440-62-2	Vanadium				NR
7440-66-6	Zinc	238	-		P
	Cyanide			•	NR

color perore:	COLORDESS	clarity Before:	CLEAR	Texture:	
Color After:	COLORLESS	Clarity After:	CLEAR	Artifacts:	
Comments:					•
		·			•

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

<u>i</u>	EPA SAMPLE NO

	X103

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract No.: 2357

Lab Code: ARDL Case No.: 045 SAS No.: SDG No.: X101

Matrix (soil/water) _____ TCLP Lab Sample ID: ____2357-3

Level (low/med): LOW Date Received: 02/01/95

% Solids: 0.0

CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	С	Q	М
7429-90-5	Aluminum				NR
7440-36-0	Antimony				NR
7440-38-2	Arsenic				NR
7440-39-3	Barium				NR
7440-41-7	Beryllium				NR
7440-43-9	Cadmium	3.0	Ū		P
7440-70-2	Calcium				NR
7440-47-3	Chromium				NR
7440-48-4	Cobalt				NR
7440-50-8	Copper				NR
7439-89-6	Iron				NR
7439-92-1	Lead	20.0	Ū		P
7439-95-4	Magnesium				NR
7439-96-5	Manganese				NR
7439-97-6	Mercury				NR
7440-02-0	Nickel				NR
7440-09-7	Potassium				NR
7782-49-2	Selenium				NR
7440-22-4	Silver				NR
7440-23-5	Sodium				NR
7440-28-0	Thallium				NR
7440-62-2	Vanadium				NR
7440-66-6	Zinc	185			P
	Cyanide				NR

Color Before:	COLORLESS	Clarity Before: CLEAR	Texture:
lor After:	COLORLESS	Clarity After: CLEAR	Artifacts:
Comments:			

U.S. EPA - CLP

INCRGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

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Lab Name: ARDL, INC.	La:	b :	(ame	:	ARDL,	INC.
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Contract No.: 2357

Lab Code: ARDL Case No.: 045 SAS No.: SDG No.:

Matrix (soil/water) TCLP ____

Lab Sample ID:

2357-4

Level (low/med): LOW

Date Received: 02/01/95

% Solids:

0.0

Concentrati	T T	or mg/kg dry werght).		<u> </u>	
CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	С	Q	М
7429-90-5	Aluminum				NF
7440-36-0	Antimony				NF
7440-38-2	Arsenic				NF
7440-39-3	Barium				NF
7440-41-7	Beryllium				NF
7440-43-9	Cadmium	3.0	Ū		P
7440-70-2	Calcium				NF
7440-47-3	Chromium				NF
7440-48-4	Cobalt				NF
7440-50-8	Copper				NF
7439-89-6	Iron				NF
7439-92-1	Lead	20.0	Ū		P
7439-95-4	Magnesium				NF
7439-96-5	Manganese				NF
7439-97-6	Mercury				NF
7440-02-0	Nickel				NF
7440-09-7	Potassium				NF
7782-49-2	Selenium				NF
7440-22-4	Silver				NF
7440-23-5	Sodium				NF
7440-28-0	Thallium				NF
7440-62-2	Vanadium				NF
7440-66-6	Zinc	190			P
	Cyanide			-	NF

Color Befo	ore: COLORLESS	Clarity Before:	CLEAR	· _	Texture:	
Color Afte	er: COLORLESS	Clarity After:	CLEAR		Artifacts:	
Comments:						

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

X105

Ť	а'n	Name:	ARDL,	INC.

Contract No.: 2357

Lab Code: ARDL Case No.: 045 SAS No.: SDG No.: X101

Matrix (soil/water) TCLP

Lab Sample ID: 2357-5

Level (low/med): LOW

Date Received: 02/01/95

% Solids:

0.0

					
CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	С	Q	М
7429-90-5	Aluminum				NR
7440-36-0	Antimony				NR
7440-38-2	Arsenic				NR
7440-39-3	Barium				NR
7440-41-7	Beryllium				NR
7440-43-9	Cadmium	3.0	U		P
7440-70-2	Calcium				NR
7440-47-3	Chromium	_			NR
7440-48-4	Cobalt				NR
7440-50-8	Copper				NR
7439-89-6	Iron				NR
7439-92-1	Lead	20.0	U		P
7439-95-4	Magnesium				NR
7439-96-5	Manganese				NR
7439-97-6	Mercury				NR
7440-02-0	Nickel				NR
7440-09-7	Potassium				NR
7782-49-2	Selenium				NR
7440-22-4	Silver				NR
7440-23-5	Sodium				NR
7440-28-0	Thallium				NR
7440-62-2	Vanadium				NR
7440-66-6	Zinc	168			P
•	Cyanide				NR

Color Before:	COLORLESS	Clarity Before:	CLEAR	Texture:	
Color After:	COLORLESS	Clarity After:	CLEAR	Artifacts:	
Comments:					

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

| | X101

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC|______

Lab Code: --- Case No.: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-1

Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1196

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 2/01/95

k Moisture: not dec. 11 Date Analyzed: 2/02/95

3C column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

Soil Extract Volume: --- (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS: Q CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG IU 11. 74-87-3-----Chloromethane_ 11. U 74-83-9-----Bromomethane_ IU | 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride__ 11. 11. IU | 75-00-3-----Chloroethane____ IU 11. 75-09-2----Methylene_Chloride___ IU 11. 67-64-1-----Acetone_ IU 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide_ 11. - เบ 11. 75-35-4----1,1-Dichloroethene__ 75-34-3----1,1-Dichloroethane____ IU 11. | 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene_(total)__| lU IU | 67-66-3-----Chloroform_ 11. 11. IU 107-06-2----1,2-Dichloroethane____ U 11. 78-93-3----2-Butanone_ IU | 71-55-6----1,1,1-Trichloroethane____ 11. 56-23-5----Carbon Tetrachloride_____ IU 75-27-4----Bromodichloromethane____ 11. IU IU 11. | 78-87-5----1,2-Dichloropropane____ IU 11. 10061-01-5----cis-1,3-Dichloropropene___ 11. IU 79-01-6----Trichloroethene_ 11. IU 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane_ 11. IU 79-00-5----1,1,2-Trichloroethane___ IU 11. 71-43-2----Benzene_ 10061-02-6----trans-1,3-Dichloropropene_ 11. IU U 11. | 75-25-2----Bromoform___ IU 11. 108-10-1----4-Methyl-2-Pentanone____ ΙU | 591-78-6----2-Hexanone_ IU 11. 127-18-4----Tetrachloroethene_ IU | 79-34-5----1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane_ 11. 108-88-3-----Toluene_ U 11. 11. IU 108-90-7-----Chlorobenzene____ IU 100-41-4----Ethylbenzene___ 11. IU 100-42-5----Styrene_ 11. IU 11. 1330-20-7-----Xylene (total)___

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

Lab Code: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

1 E

E	PA	SAMPLE	NO.
V4.0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC |_

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 2357-1

Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1196

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 2/01/95

% Moisture: not dec. 11

Date Analyzed: 2/02/95

GC Column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

Soil Extract Volume: --- (uL)

Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS: Number TICs found: 1 (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	l Q
1,	UNKNOWN	2.41	8.	J
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4 5.	1			
6.	1	! 		
7				
8		i		l
9		1	l	
10	_	!		<u> </u>
11		!		<u> </u>
12				!
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17.				<u> </u>
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23	1		' 	'
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JU,				!

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

| X102 |

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-2

Sample wt/vol: 1.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1213

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 2/01/95

% Moisture: not dec. 14 Date Analyzed: 2/03/95

GC column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 5.0

Soil Extract Volume: --- (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/K		Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	58.	ָט טן
74-83-9	Bromomethane	58.	ប្រ
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	58.	Įΰ
	Chloroethane	58.	Įΰ
	Methylene_Chloride	58.	ΙŪ
	Acetonel		1
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	58.	Įΰ
	1,1-Dichloroethene		IU
	1,1-Dichloroethane		וט
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene_(total)	58.	U
67-66-3	Chloroform	58.	IU
	1,2-Dichloroethane	58,	ប្រ
	2-Butanone	560.	ł
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	58.	וט
	Carbon Tetrachloride		ΙŪ
	Bromodichloromethane	. 58.	
	1,2-Dichloropropane	58. ⁻¹	וט
10061-01-5-	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	58.	טן
	Trichloroethene	58.	ĮΨ
	Dibromochloromethane	58.	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	58.	טן
71-43-2	Benzene	58.	Įυ
10061-02-6-	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	58.	וט
	Bromoform		וט
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	58.	וט
	2-Hexanone		Įΰ
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	58.	ĮŪ
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	58.	IU ·
	Toluene		E
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	58.	IU
	Ethylbenzene	24.] J
	Styrene	58.	Įΰ
	Xylene (total)	200.	1

1 E

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

	EPA	SAMPLE	NO.
Y 1	02	•	***

(()	maille:	ARDL,	INC.	Contract:	V AIN	IKWM	ELECIRIC	l	

1b Code: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Lab Sample ID: 2357-2 atrix: (soil/water) SOIL

ample wt/vol: 1.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1213

evel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 2/01/95

Date Analyzed: 2/03/95 Moisture: not dec. 14

C Column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 5.0

oil Extract Volume: --- (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS: Number TICs found: 2

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
1.	UNKNOWN UNKNOWN	10.42 14.98	200. 200.	-
4 5 6				
7. 8. 9.		 		
10. 11. 12.				
13. 14. 15.				
17. 28. 19.				
20. 2i. 22. 23.				
24,				
2 ⁻				
30				

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

a: ARDL, INC.

| | X102

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC

_ab Code: --- Case No.: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

fatrix: (soil/water) SOIL
Lab Sample ID: 2357-2

Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1262

Level: (low/med) MED Date Received: 2/01/95

Moisture: not dec. 14 Date Analyzed: 2/08/95

3C column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

Soil Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: 100.0 (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS: 0 (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG COMPOUND CAS NO. IU 1400. 74-87-3-----Chloromethane__ 1400. IU 74-83-9----Bromomethane_ IU 1400. | 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride__ | 75-00-3-----Chloroethane____ 1400. IU 1400. IU 1 75-09-2----Methylene_Chloride_____ 1600. 1 | 67-64-1----Acetone__ 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide_ 1400. IU ľ 1400. 75-35-4----1,1-Dichloroethene___ | 75-34-3----1,1-Dichloroethane____ IU 1400. IU | 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene_(total)__ 1400. 1400. IU | 67-66-3-----Chloroform_ IU 1400. | 107-06-2----1,2-Dichloroethane_____ 460. J 78-93-3----2-Butanone_ IU 1400. | 71-55-6-----1,1,1-Trichloroethane_____| IU 1400. | 56-23-5-----Carbon Tetrachloride_____| 1400. IU 75-27-4-----Bromodichloromethane_____ | 78-87-5----1,2-Dichloropropane_____ IU 1500. 1400. ΙŪ | 10061-01-5----cis-1,3-Dichloropropene____ IU 1400. 79-01-6----Trichloroethene IU | 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane 1400. JU 79-00-5----1,1,2-Trichloroethane____ 1400. 1400. U | 71-43-2----Benzene_ IU 10061-02-6----trans-1,3-Dichloropropene__ 1400. 1400. ΙU | 75-25-2----Bromoform__ IU 1 108-10-1----4-Methyl-2-Pentanone____ 1400. 1400. JU 591-78-6----2-Hexanone___ IU 1400. 27-18-4----Tetrachloroethene__ IU 9-34-5----1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane____| 1400. IJ 1400. 1 108-88-3----Toluene__ IU 1400. 108-90-7-----Chlorobenzene____ - I U -1400. | 100-41-4----Ethylbenzene____| IU 1400. | 100-42-5----Styrene___ 2200. 1 1330-20-7-----Xylene (total)_____

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

	EPA	SAMPLE	NO.
 	X102		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC

Lab Code: --- Case No.: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-2

Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1162

Date Received: 2/01/95 Level: (low/med) MED

Date Analyzed: 2/08/95 % Moisture: not dec. 14

GC Column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

Soil Aliquot Volume: 100.0 (uL) Soil Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL)

> CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

Number TICs found: 2

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	l l Q
1.	UNKNOWN	2.37	900.	1 1.T
- •	UNKNOWN	11.86	2000.	
	I	1 11.00	2000.	10 5
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9				' {
10				, I
11		1		' I
12		1		' I
13		i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	' !
14		1		 I
15		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
16				·
17		1		!
18		1		1
19				i
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21				l
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23				1
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1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

| | X103

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC

Lab Code: --- Case No.: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-3

Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1252

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 2/01/95

t Moisture: not dec. 12 Date Analyzed: 2/07/95

GC column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

Soil Extract Volume: --- (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/K	g) UG/KG	Q	
		1		1	-i
74-87-3	Chloromethane		11.	טן	1
74-83-9	Bromomethane_		11.	าบ	ı
75-01-4	Vinyl Chlorid	e	11.	וט	- 1
	Chloroethane_		11.	IU	1
75-09-2	Methylene_Chl	oride	11.	ΙU	- 1
	Acetone		2800.	l E	1
75-15-0	Carbon Disulf	ide	11.	เบ	- 1
	1,1-Dichloroe		11.	ĮÜ	1
	1,1-Dichloroe		11.	U	- 1
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroe	thene_(total)	11.	ប្រ	- 1
67-66-3	Chloroform	·	11.	ΙU	- 1
	1,2-Dichloroe		11.	IU	- 1
	2-Butanone		840.	E	1
	1,1,1-Trichlo		11.	ĮŪ	- 1
	Carbon Tetrac		11.	IU	- 1
75-27-4	Bromodichloro	methane	11.	וט	1
	1,2-Dichlorop		. 11.	ΙU	- 1
	cis-1,3-Dichl		11.	טן	I
	Trichloroethe		11.	ប្រ	- 1
	Dibromochloro		11.	ΙŪ	1
	1,1,2-Trichlo		11.	ΙŪ	- 1
	Benzene		11.	ΙŪ	1
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dic	hloropropene	11.	-] U	- 1
75-25-2	Bromoform		11.	IU	1
	4-Methy1-2-Pe	ntanonel	34.	1	- 1
	2-Hexanone		62.	1	
	Tetrachloroet		11.	IU	- 1
	1,1,2,2-Tetra		11.	ĮŪ	1
	Toluene		35.	1	1
	Chlorobenzene	:	11.	IU	1
	Ethylbenzene_		11.	ĮŪ	1
	Styrene		11.	ĮŪ	I
1330-20-7	Xylene (total	.)1	11.	IU	ı
		1		1	ĺ

EPA SAMPLE NO.

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

1E

TENTATIVELY	IDENTIFIED	COMPOUNDS
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X1	0.3	

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC

lab Code: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 2357-3

Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) G

Lab File ID: >D1252

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 2/01/95

& Moisture: not dec. 12

Date Analyzed: 2/07/95

GC Column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

Soil Extract Volume: --- (uL)

Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

Number TICs found: 10

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	
		1	1	* = c = =
1.	UNKNOWN	7,55	•	•
	UNKNOWN	10.58	300.	•
J.	UNKNOWN	14.36	30.	•
4.	UNKNOWN	14.73	30.	
5.	UNKNOWN	15.00	500.	•
6.	UNKNOWN	18.51	50.	•
7.	IUNKNOWN	18.92	400.	-
8,	IUNKNOWN	19.90	20.	-
9. 110430	2-HEPTANONE	28.47	•	
10.	UNKNOWN	29.29	20.	IJ
11		l		l
	. I <u></u>	1	l	1
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1/	. (<u></u>	l	<u> </u>	l
18	. <u></u>	l		l
19		l		1
	.1	l	l	1
21		1	l	l
22	1	1	<u> </u>	l
23.	<u> - </u>	l	l	I
24		1	l	l
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26,		İ	l	1
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VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

| X103 | | ELECTRIC|

ab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC|____

ab Code: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

atrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-3

ample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1263

evel: (low/med) MED Date Received: 2/01/95

Moisture: not dec. 12 Date Analyzed: 2/08/95

C column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

oil Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: 100.0 (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/K	J) UG/KG	Q
		!		<u> </u>
	Chloromethane		1400.	IU I
	Bromomethane		1400.	IU I
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride_		1400.	וט ו
	Chloroethane		1400.	וט ו
75-09-2	Methylene_Chlor	ide	1400.	וט ו
	Acetone		5600.	1 1
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfid	e	1400.	ו טו
	1,1-Dichloroeth		1400.	[U]
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroeth	ane	1400.	IU I
	1,2-Dichloroeth		1400.	10 1
	Chloroform		1400.	ו טו
	1,2-Dichloroeth		1400.	10 1
	2-Butanone		5100.	1 1
	1,1,1-Trichlore		1400.	ן טן
	Carbon Tetrachl		1400.	ו טן
	Bromodichlorome		1400.	ו טו
	1,2-Dichloropro		1400.	ן טן
	cis-1,3-Dichlor		1400.	ו עו ו
	Trichloroethene		1400.	ן טן
	Dibromochlorome		1400.	IU I
	1,1,2-Trichloro	·	1400.	JU I
	Benzene	1	1400.	וט ו
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichl	oropropene	1400.	וט ו
75-25-2	Bromoform	I	1400.	IU I
	4-Methyl-2-Pent		1400.	ו ייי טו
	2-Hexanone		1400.	ו טו
	Tetrachloroethe		1400.	IU I
	1,1,2,2-Tetrach		1400.	IU I
	Toluene		1400.	IU I
	Chlorobenzene_		1400.	IU I
_ -	Ethylbenzene		1400.	iu i
-	Styrene		1400.	IU I
				· · ·
1330-20-7	Xylene (total)_	i	1400.	ן טן

EPA SAMPLE NO.

ACTUITE	ORGAN	1105	ANALID.	IS DAIN	She
TENTATI	VELY	IDEN	TIFIED	COMPOU	VDS.

I X103

ab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC

_ab Code: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

(atrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-3

Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1163

sevel: (low/med) MED Date Received: 2/01/95

Date Analyzed: 2/08/95 Moisture: not dec. 12

GC Column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 1.0

Soil Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: 100.0 (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Number TICs found: 3 (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	-
1.	UNKNOWN UNKNOWN UNKNOWN	8.43 11.84 33.27	1000. 1000. 800.	J J B
5				
0	.			
4				
9]
4 5 6				
9				

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC|_____

Lab Code: --- Case No.: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-4

Sample wt/vol: 1.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1217

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 2/01/95

% Moisture: not dec. 13 Date Analyzed: 2/03/95

GC column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 5.0

Soil Extract Volume: --- (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q

		57.	 U
74-87-3	Chloromethane		I U
74-83-9	Bromomethane Vinyl Chloride	57.	ľŪ
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	57. 57.	•
75-00-3	Chloroethane		וט
75-09-2	Methylene_Chloride Acetone Carbon Disulfide	57.	יט
67-64-1	Acetone	560.	!
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	57.	l U
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	57.	וט
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	57.	וט
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene_(total)	57.	וט
67-66-3	Chloroform	57.	ַ ען
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	57.	រូប
78-93-3	2-Butanone	210.	, 1
71-55-6	1.1.1-Trichloroethane	57.	Įΰ
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	57.	IU
	Bromodichloromethane	57.	Įΰ
	1,2-Dichloropropane	57.	U
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	57.	וט
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	57.	ប
124 49 4	Dibromochloromethane	· -	เบ
70 00 5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		įυ
	Benzene	57.	เบ้
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		์เบ็
		'	Ü
	Bromoform		ับ
	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	57. 57.	וט
	2-Hexanone	57.	יט ט
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		•
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	57.	10
108-88-3	Toluene	57.	ĮÜ
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	57.	IU
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	57.	Įΰ
100-42-5	Styrenel	57.	וט
1330-20-7	Xylene (total)	57.	Įΰ

1E

EPA SAMPLE NO.

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

X104		

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC (

Lab Code: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 2357-4

Sample wt/vol: 1.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1217

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 2/01/95

& Moisture: not dec. 13

Date Analyzed: 2/03/95

GC Column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 5.0

Soil Aliquot Volume: --- (uL)

Soil Extract Volume: --- (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Number TICs found: 2

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	
1.	UNKNOWN	10.49	•	==== .T
•	UNKNOWN	1 15.00		IJ
3.	I	1 13.00	1	1
4			! !	1
			'	i
6			1	1
				i —
			<u> </u>	;
				i
				1
1.				i
2.			1	i
				i
				i
		<u> </u>		1
6.				1
				i
				1
9	-			1
			l	1
			l <u></u>	l
			l	1
				1
4			l	I
5		_	l	l
			l <u></u>	1
`-			l	1
			l	1
				1
0.		<u> </u>	 	1

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

X105

ab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC|_____

ab Code: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

fatrix: (soil/water) SOIL
Lab Sample ID: 2357-5

Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1268

Level: (low/med) MED Date Received: 2/01/95

, Moisture: not dec. 13 Date Analyzed: 2/08/95

C column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 100.0

Soil Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: 1.0 (uL)

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

	CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/	′Kg) UG/KG	Q
1		-	```	1
i	74-87-3	Chloromethane	140000.	וט ו
i		Bromomethane	140000.	ן ט
i		Vinyl Chloride	140000.	U
i		Chloroethane	140000.	ן ט ן
i		Methylene_Chloride	140000.	ן טן
i		Acetone	100000.] J
i		Carbon Disulfide	140000.	ן ען
i		1,1-Dichloroethene		ו ען
i		-1,1-Dichloroethane		IU
i		1,2-Dichloroethene_(total)	140000.	U
i	67-66-3	Chloroform	140000.	ו עו
i	107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	140000.	וט ו
i	78-93-3	2-Butanone	140000.	IU I
i		1,1,1-Trichloroethane	140000.	ן טן
i		Carbon TetrachlorideI	140000.	ן ען
i	75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		ן טן
i	78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	140000.	IU I
i		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	140000. =	1 0
i	79-01-6	Trichloroethene	140000.	IU I
i	124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane		
ı	79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	140000.	IU I
1	71-43-2	Benzene	140000.	
ļ	10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		IU I
1	75-25-2			
1	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	140000.	IU I
1		2-Hexanone		IU I
i	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		IU I
1	79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	140000.	IU I
İ	108-88-3	Toluene		
1		Chlorobenzene		IU I
Ī	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	95000.	J
i	100-42-5	Styrene	140000.	וט ו
i	1330-20-7	Xylene (total)	520000.	
			P .	1 1

1 F.

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

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ł	X105	

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: ARDL, INC. Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC |___

Lab Code: --- Case No.: --- SAS No.: --- SDG No.: X101

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: 2357-5

Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: >D1168

Date Received: 2/01/95 Level: (low/med) MED

6 Moisture: not dec. 13 Date Analyzed: 2/08/95

3C Column: 1%SP-1000 ID: 2.0 (mm) Dilution Factor: 100.0

Soil Extract Volume: 10000.0 (uL) Soil Aliquot Volume: 1.0 (uL)

> CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

Number TICs found: 3

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	(Q =====
1.	UNKNOWN BENZENE, ETHYL-METHYL-	11.78 27.15	70000.	ЈВ
4 5	UNKNOWN 	33.55 	800000. 	J
6 7				
8 9 10				
11 12 13		 		l l
14				
17 18				
19 20 21				
2 2 2 3 2 4	 			
25 26			 	
29.		1		
30			l	l l

1D PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

X101

Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC Lab Name: ARDL, INC. SDG No.: X101 Case No.: 2357 Lab Code: Lab Sample ID : 2357-1 Matrix(soil/water) : SOIL Sample(wt/vol) : 30.0 (g/mL) gLab File ID Date Received : 02/01/95 % Moisture: 11 decanted: (Y/N) N Date Extracted: 02/08/95 Extraction(Sepf/Cont/Sonc) SONC Concentrated Extract Volume: 5000(uL) Date Analyzed : 02/20/95
Injection Volume: 1 (uL) Dilution Factor: 1.0 pH: 6.9 Sulfur Cleanup: N GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/Kg)	UG/Kg	Q	
				 	í
319-84-6	alpha-BHC		1.9	U	1
	beta-BHC	1	1.9	ן ט	i
319-86-8	delta-BHC	!	1.9	U	İ
58-89-9	gamma-BHC(Lindane)	<u> </u>	1.9	ן ט	
	Heptachlor		1.9	ן ט	i I
309-00-2		<u>;</u>	1.9	U	i I
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epoxide	•	1.9	ן ט	į
959-98-8	Endosulfan I		1.9	ן ט	i L
60-57-1	Dieldrin	f 1	3.7	ן ט	i I
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	1	3.7	ן ט ן	į
72-20-8	Endrin		3.7	ן ט	į L
33213-65-9-	Endosulfan II	1	3.7	טן	ĺ
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD		3.7	ן ט	i
1013-07-8	Endosulfan sulfate		3.7	U	İ
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	•	3.7	ן ט	į į
72-43-5	Methoxychlor		19	ן ט	İ
53494-70-5-	Endrin ketone		3.7	ט	į
7421-36-3	Endrin aldehyde		··· 3.7	ן ט ן	İ
5103-71-9	alpha-Chlordane	1	1.9	ן ט ן	İ
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane		1.9	U	ļ
8001-35-2	Toxaphene		190	ן ט	
12674-11-2-	Aroclor 1016	-	37	ן ט	i
11104-28-2-	Aroclor 1221		75	U	ļ
11141-16-5-	Aroclor 1232		37	ט	ļ
53469-21-9-	Aroclor 1242)	37	ט	İ
12672-29-6-	Aroclor 1248		37	ט	i E
11097-69-1-	Aroclor 1254		37	ט	! !
11096-82-5-	Aroclor 1260		37	ן ט	İ
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	FORM I PEST	3/90 Rev.			

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PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

X102

	·
Lab Name: ARDL, INC.	Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC
Lab Code: Case No.: 2357	SDG No.: X101
Matrix(soil/water) : SOIL	Lab Sample ID : 2357-2
Sample(wt/vol) : 30.0 (g/mL) g	Lab File ID :
% Moisture: 14 decanted: (Y/N) N	Date Received : 02/01/95
Extraction(Sepf/Cont/Sonc) SONC	Date Extracted: 02/08/95
Concentrated Extract Volume: 5000 (uL)	
Injection Volume: 1 (uL)	Dilution Factor: 1.0
	Sulfur Cleanup : N
	-

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/Kg)	UG/Kg	Q	
319-84-6 319-85-7 319-86-8 58-89-9 76-44-8 309-00-2	alpha-BHCbeta-BHCdelta-BHCgamma-BHC(Lindane)HeptachlorAldrin	(ug/L or ug/Kg)	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	ט ט ט ט ט	
	Heptachlor Epoxide Endosulfan I		2.0 2.0	ָ ָ ט	
1	Dieldrin		3.8	ט	
	4,4'-DDE		3.8	U	
72-20-8	Endrin Endosulfan II		3.8 3.8	ָּט ָט	
t e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	4,4'-DDD		3.8	ט ו	
•	Endosulfan sulfate		3.8	Ū	
•	4,4'-DDT	į	3.8	ן ט	
	Methoxychlor		20	ָ U	
	Endrin ketone Endrin aldehyde		3.8 3.8	U	
	alpha-Chlordane		2.0	ן מ	
	gamma-Chlordane		2.0	ט	
	Toxaphene		200	ן ט ן	
12674-11-2-	Aroclor 1016	·	38	ן ט ן	
	Aroclor 1221		78	U	
,	Aroclor 1232	!	38	ן ט	
•	Aroclor 1242		38	U	l I
	Aroclor 1248		38	U	
	Aroclor 1254		38	ן ט	
11096-82-5-	Aroclor 1260		38	U	!
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FORM I PEST

3/90 Rev.

PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

X103

Lab Name: ARDL, INC.	Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC
Lab Code: Case No.: 2357	SDG No.: X101
	Lab Sample ID : 2357-3
	Lab File ID :
<pre>% Moisture: 12 decanted:(Y/N) N</pre>	Date Received : 02/01/95
Extraction(Sepf/Cont/Sonc) SONC	Date Extracted: 02/08/95
Concentrated Extract Volume: 5000 (uL)	Date Analyzed : 02/20/95
Injection Volume: 1 (uL)	Dilution Factor: 1.0
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 7.1	Sulfur Cleanup : N

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/Kg)	UG/Kg	Q
319-84-6	alpha-BHC	•	1.9	U
319-85-7			1.9	ן ט
319-86-8	delta-BHC		1.9	ן ט ן
	gamma-BHC(Lindane)		1.9	U
	Heptachlor	· !	1.9	ן ט
309-00-2	Aldrin	!	1.9	ן טן
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epoxide		1.9	U
959-98-8	Endosulfan I	İ	1.9	ן ט ן
60-57-1	Dieldrin	j	3.8	ן ט ן
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE		3.8	U
72-20-8	Endrin	į	3.8	ן טן
33213-65-9-	Endosulfan II		3.8	ָ U
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	İ	3.8	U
1013-07-8	Endosulfan sulfate		3.8	ן טן
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT		3.8	ן ט ן
72-43-5	Methoxychlor		19	ן טן
53494-70-5-	Endrin ketone	İ	3.8	ן ט
7421-36-3	Endrin aldehyde	· ·	3.8	ן ט
5103-71-9	alpha-Chlordane		1.9	ן ט
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane		1.9	U
	Toxaphene		190	ט
	Aroclor 1016		38	ָ ט
11104-28-2-	Aroclor 1221	İ	76	U
11141-16-5-	Aroclor 1232		38	ט ן
53469-21-9-	Aroclor 1242	i 1	38	ָ ט
	Aroclor 1248	į	38	ָ ט
11097-69-1-	Aroclor 1254	i de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de	38,	U
11096-82-5-	Aroclor 1260	į	38	ן ט ן
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PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

X104

Lab Name: ARDL, INC.	Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC
Lab Code: Case No.: 2357	SDG No.: X101
	Lab Sample ID : 2357-4
Sample(wt/vol) : 30.0 (g/mL) g	Lab File ID :
<pre>% Moisture: 13 decanted:(Y/N) N</pre>	Date Received : 02/01/95
Extraction(Sepf/Cont/Sonc) SONC	Date Extracted: 02/08/95
Concentrated Extract Volume: 5000 (uL)	
Injection Volume: 1 (uL)	Dilution Factor: 1.0
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 7.6	Sulfur Cleanup : N

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

		ONCENTRATION ONE	TIG /T/	^
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/Kg)		Q
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
210-01-6	alpha-BHC		2.0	ט
	beta-BHC	ļ	2.0	Ū
	delta-BHC	i I	2.0	ָ . บ
	gamma-BHC(Lindane)	;	2.0	U
	Heptachlor	1	2.0	ָּט
309-00-2		!	2.0	ט !
		†	2.0	บ
	Heptachlor Epoxide Endosulfan I	:	2.0	ט
	Dieldrin	}	3.8	ָט
	4,4'-DDE	}	3.8	ט !
72-20-8		}	3.8	ט !
	Endosulfan II	}	3.8	ָ ט
	4,4'-DDD	!	3.8	ָ ט
	Endosulfan sulfate		3.8	ט !
	4,4'-DDT	.	3.8	ט ו
		†	20	ָּט
	Methoxychlor Endrin ketone	<u> </u>	3.8	ָּט ! ט
		;	3.8	
	Endrin aldehyde	İ	2.0	ָּט !
	alpha-Chlordane	į	2.0	ָּט !
	gamma-Chlordane	†	200	ָּט !
	Toxaphene Aroclor 1016		38	ָ ט
	Aroclor 1016	1	77	ט !
		}	38	ט !
	Aroclor 1232		38	ָ ד
	Aroclor 1242	i	38	. 0
	Aroclor 1248		38 38	ָ ! บ
	Aroclor 1254	- !	38 38	U
11030-87-2-	Aroclor 1260		30	0
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PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

X105

Lab Name: ARDL, INC.	Contract: VAN TRAN ELECTRIC
	SDG No.: X101
	Lab Sample ID : 2357-5
Sample(wt/vol) : 30.0 (g/mL) g	Lab File ID :
<pre>% Moisture: 13 decanted:(Y/N) N</pre>	Date Received : 02/01/95
	Date Extracted: 02/08/95
Concentrated Extract Volume: 5000(uL)	Date Analyzed : 02/20/95
Injection Volume: 1 (uL)	Dilution Factor: 1.0
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 7.6	Sulfur Cleanup : N
-	
COI	NCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug	/Kg)	UG/Kg	Q	
319-85-7 319-86-8 58-89-9 76-44-8 309-00-2 1024-57-3 959-98-8 72-55-9 72-55-9 33213-65-9- 72-54-8 1013-07-8 50-29-3 53494-70-5- 7421-36-3 5103-71-9 5103-74-2 8001-35-2 12674-11-2 11104-28-2 11141-16-5 53469-21-9 12672-29-6 11097-69-1	delta-BHCgamma-BHC(Lindane)HeptachlorAldrinHeptachlor EpoxideEndosulfan IDieldrin4,4'-DDEEndrinEndosulfan II4,4'-DDDEndosulfan sulfate4,4'-DDTMethoxychlorEndrin ketoneEndrin aldehydealpha-Chlordanegamma-ChlordaneToxapheneAroclor 1016Aroclor 1221Aroclor 1242Aroclor 1254Aroclor 1254	2/00		2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8	טטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטטט	
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APPENDIX D

REFERENCE MATERIALS

Telephone

Contact's Name:

Gail Battas

Title:

Environmental Protection Specialist

Organization:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Phone #:

(618) 346-5120

Address:

Collinsville, IL

Contacted by Whom:

JL Billington

Date:

5 September 1995

Time:

4:10 PM

RE:

REGION V FSIP, Van Tran Site

G. Battas was contacted by JLB to clarify whether or not the City of Vandalia's water system supplied drinking water to persons residing outside the corporate limits of Vandalia. G. Battas indicated that she did not know the exact boundaries of service; however, the water system does serve the Vandalia Correctional Center north of Vandalia.

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Telephone

Contact's Name:

Lynn Dunaway

Title:

Environmental Protection Specialist IEPA Division of Public Water Supplies

Organization: Phone #:

(217) 785-2762

Address:

Springfield, IL

Contacted by Whom:

JL Billington

Date:

30 August 1995

Time:

11:40 AM

RE:

REGION V FSIP, Van Tran Electric Corp. site

L. Dunaway was contacted by JLB to determine the water distribution information for the city of Vandalia and for a 4-mile radius surrounding the Van Tran site. L. Dunaway indicated that there are no municipal groundwater wells that service Vandalia, rather, there are two surface water intakes.

One surface water intake is on the Kaskaskia River and it is located at the point where Rt. 51 meets the Kaskaskia River on the eastern side of Vandalia. The second surface water intake is located on Lake Vandalia at an impoundment on Bear Creek. These surface water intakes service approximately 6,100 persons.

L. Dunaway did not have any information concerning the boundaries of the water distribution or about private wells in the area. However, he did recommend Merl King as the next contact person at (217) 786-6892.

^{6 1995} Ecology and Environment, Inc.

Telephone

Contact's Name:

Todd Gross

Title:

Project Manager, Van Tran site

Organization:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Phone #:

(217) 782-6760

Address:

Springfield, IL

Contacted by Whom:

JL Billington

Date:

1 September 1995

Time:

11:30 AM

RE:

REGION V FSIP, Van Tran Site

- T. Gross was contacted by JLB to fill in some data gaps in the Van Tran FSIP files. T. Gross stated that the Van Tran site is not fenced, however, there is a fence surrounding the evaporation pit that restricts access to the pit. The site is very well vegetated, but there is very little paving on site. The nearest private residence is located 1 mile from the site.
- T. Gross indicated that IEPA intends to remove an additional 9 cubic yards of soil that has been determined to contain residual contamination from the evaporation pit. Then, IEPA intends to designate the evaporation pit remediation complete and backfill the area with clean soil.
- T. Gross indicated that any PCB contamination found in sediment samples is not directly attributable to the Van Tran site. T. Gross will send topographic information via fax.

¹⁹⁹⁵ Ecology and Environment, Inc.

Telephone

Contact's Name:

Todd Gross

Title:

Remedial Project Manager, Van Tran site Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Organization: Phone #:

(217) 782-6760

Address:

Springfield, IL

Contacted by Whom:

JL Billington

Date:

10 August 199

Time:

10:30 AM

RE:

REGION V FSIP, Van Tran Site

JLB contacted T. Gross to determine whether there has been any additional work on the Van Tran site since 1989. T. Gross stated that IEPA has been working on eliminating the storage areas on site.

The first storage area is the evaporation pit and the second storage area is the shed where drums have been stored. In the summer of 1994 IEPA began the excavation of the evaporation pit. In August 1995 the excavation is nearly completed with little residual contamination remaining. T. Gross intends to backfill the area.

In the summer of 1994 IEPA also began the removal of drums stored in a shed (they had been placed there in a midnight storage situation. Cleanup of the drums was completed in June 1995, and wipe samples were collected for PCBs.

Two rounds of groundwater sampling have been conducted. There was one hit of BTEX contaminants in a well near the evaporation pit.

All information must be obtained through a FOIA request. T. Gross indicated that he feels that IEPA will soon conclude their work on the site.

FOIA request to: Diana Gobelman

Fax: (217) 782-9290, Phone: (217) 785-4430

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